



Regional Haze Planning Review + Brief TSS Demo

**IMPROVE Steering Committee Meeting
September 5-6, 2007**

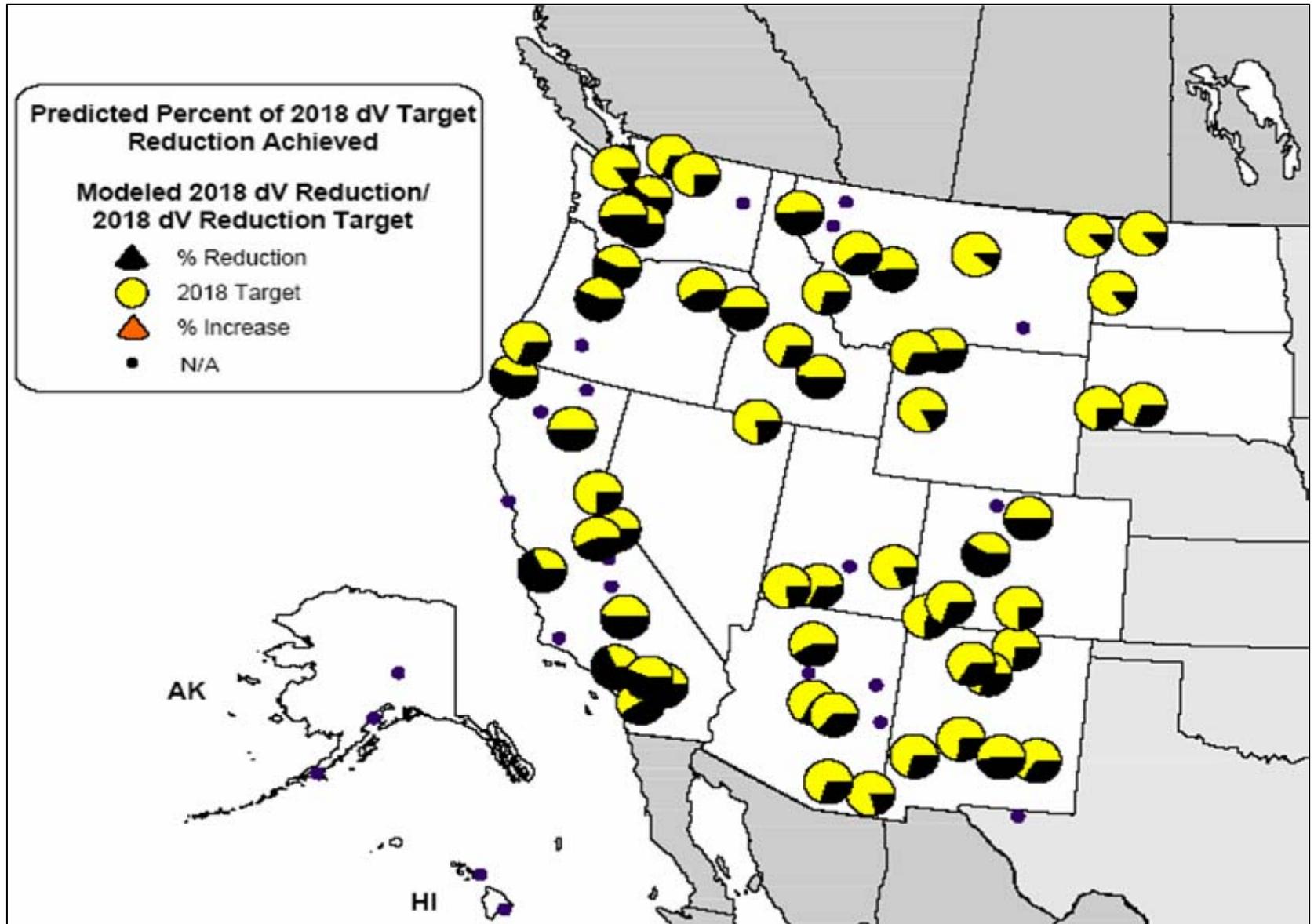


Technical Analysis Results

- WRAP analyses:
 - Comprehensive & complete emissions inventories
 - Monitoring data analysis for all western Class I areas
 - Regional photochemical aerosol modeling
 - Multiple source apportionment methods
 - Results summarized & available for planning

2018 visibility projections of visibility improvement from 2018 base case emissions/modeling scenarios are significantly shy of the “Uniform Rate of Progress”

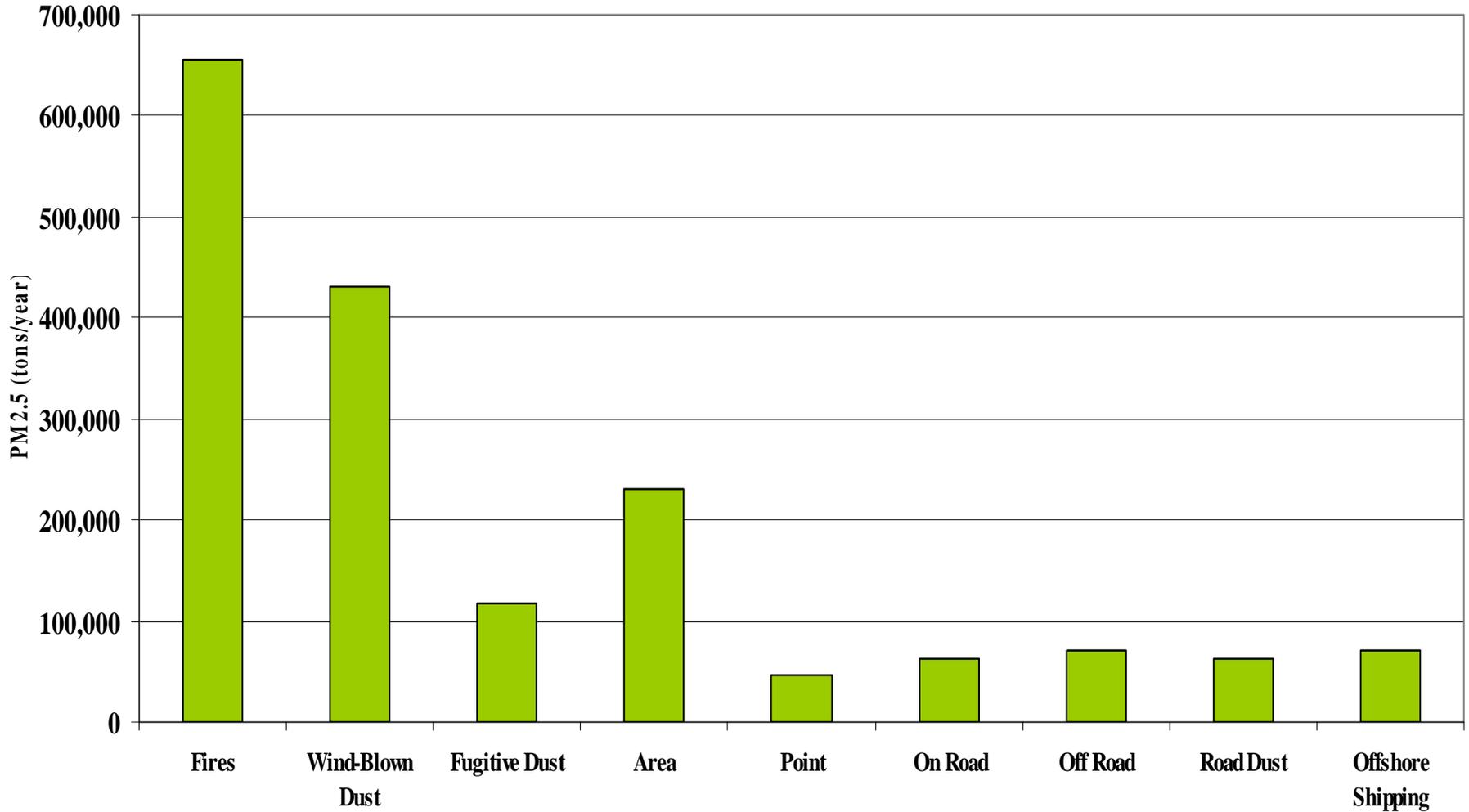
2018 Base Case Visibility Projections (deciviews)



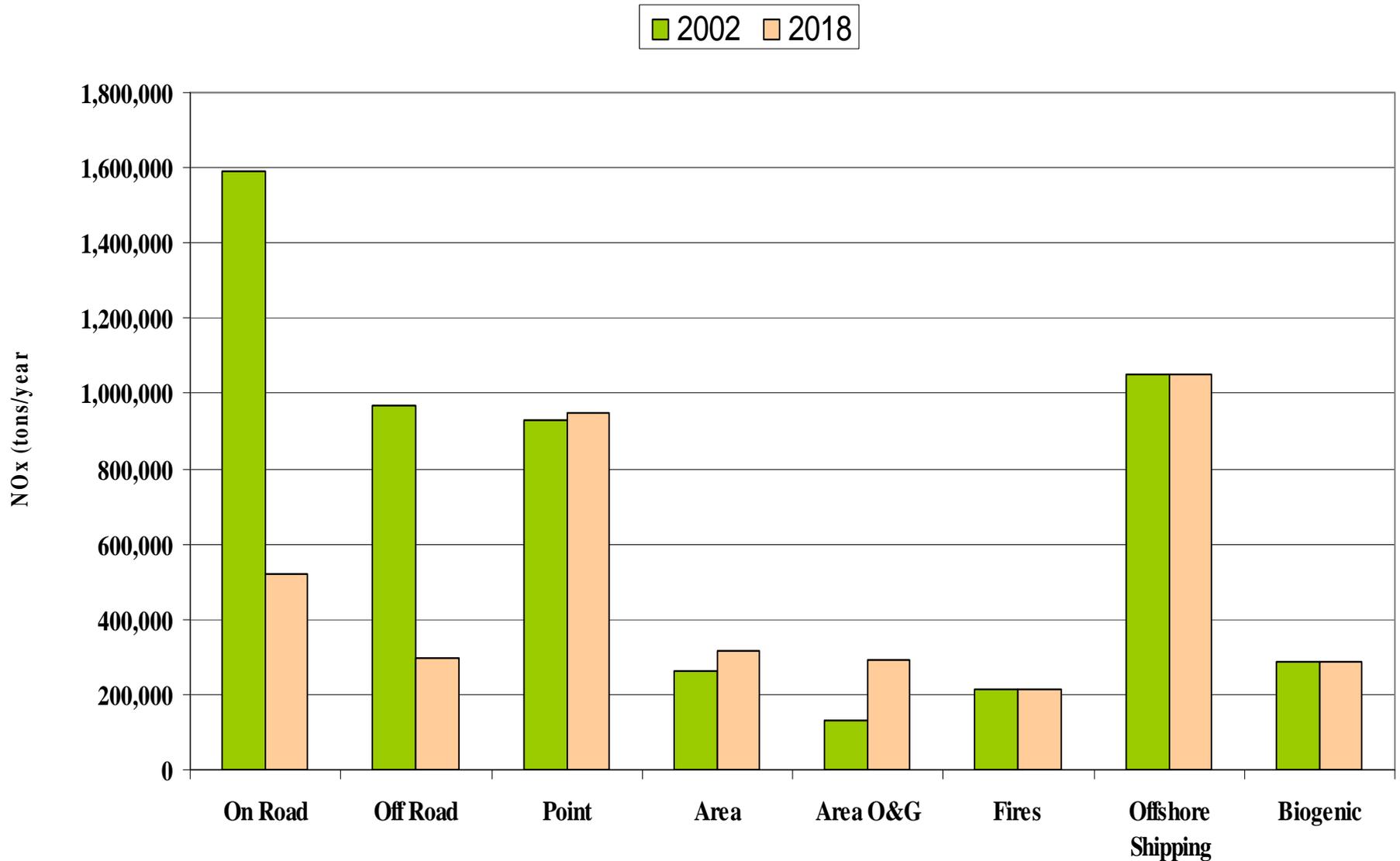
Note: Federal mobile source rules included, Fire & Dust emissions held constant, no BART controls

2000-04 Annual Average WRAP Region PM_{2.5} Emissions (13 States)

(Does not include out-of-region sources)

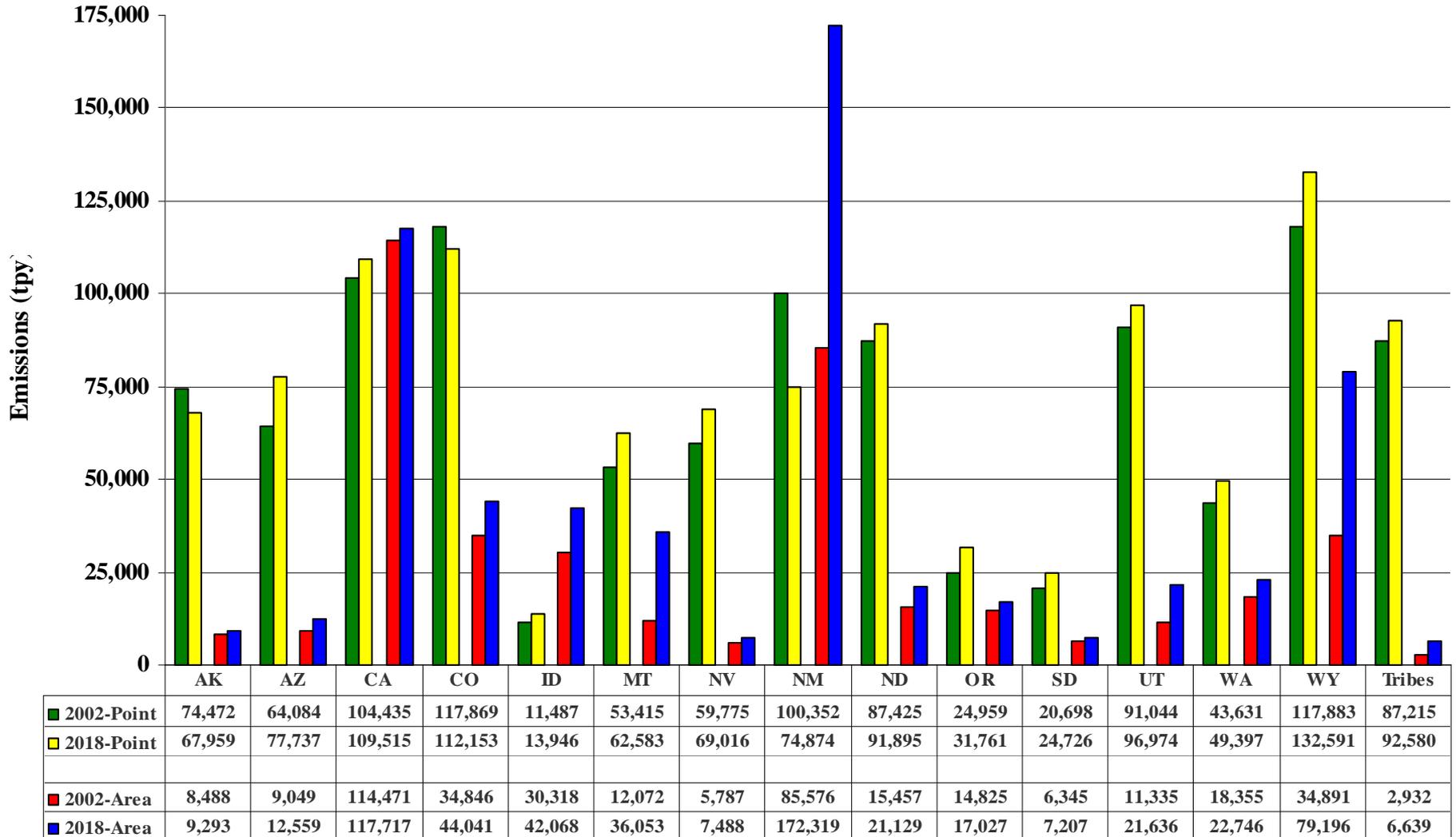


WRAP region 2000-04 average and 2018 base case NO_x emissions by source category



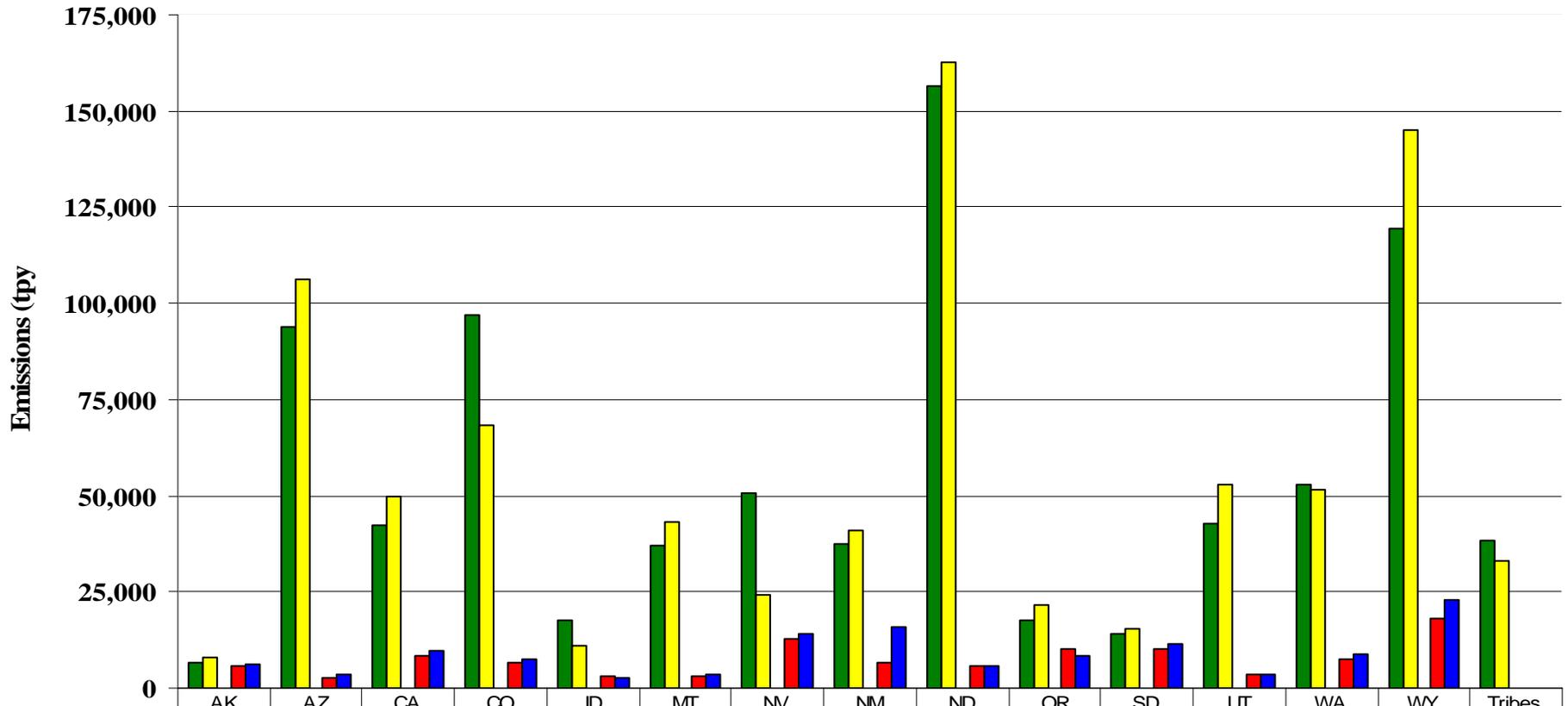
Note: No BART controls included for 2018 - Data Sources: WRAP Forums' emissions inventories and biogenics from BEIS model

Point and Area Source 2002 and 2018 NO_x Emissions



Note: No BART controls included for 2018

Point and Area Source 2002 and 2018 SO2 Emissions

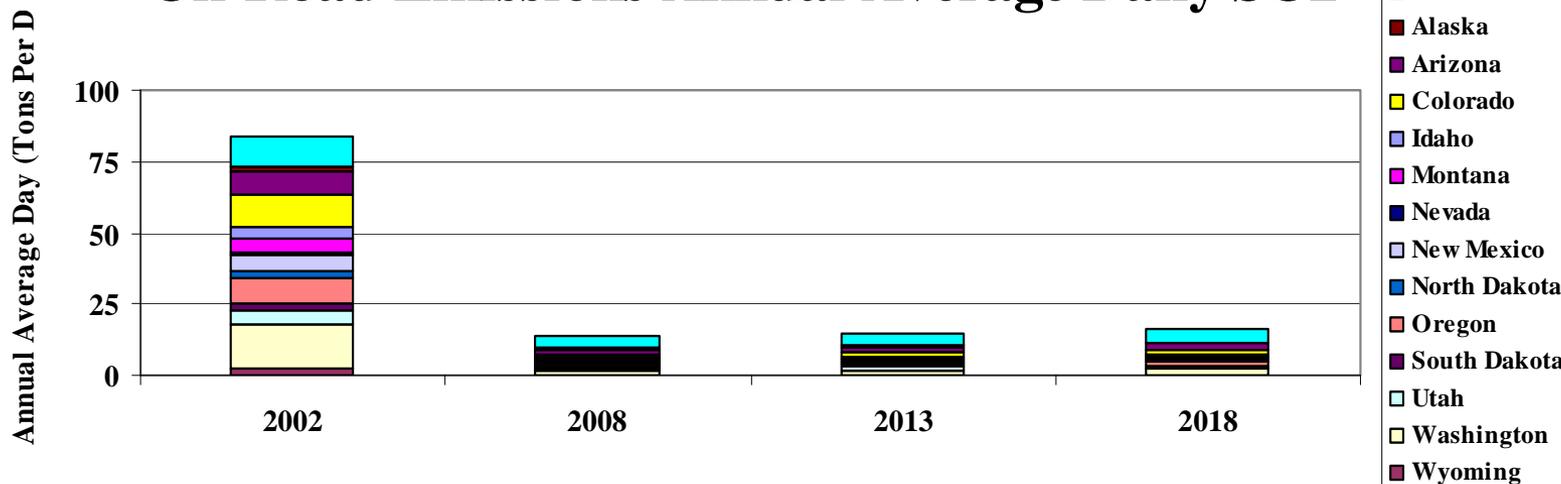


	AK	AZ	CA	CO	ID	MT	NV	NM	ND	OR	SD	UT	WA	WY	Tribes
■ 2002-Point	6,809	93,752	42,120	97,011	17,597	36,879	50,722	37,436	156,668	17,587	14,021	42,838	52,969	119,645	38,208
■ 2018-Point	7,777	106,113	49,632	68,476	10,813	43,055	24,041	40,825	162,705	21,687	15,268	52,953	51,355	145,100	32,895
■ 2002-Area	5,531	2,677	8,314	6,559	2,916	3,299	12,954	6,559	5,748	9,932	10,167	3,581	7,388	17,902	49
■ 2018-Area	6,044	3,410	9,772	7,499	2,721	3,432	14,194	15,753	5,856	8,422	11,667	3,587	8,667	23,109	2

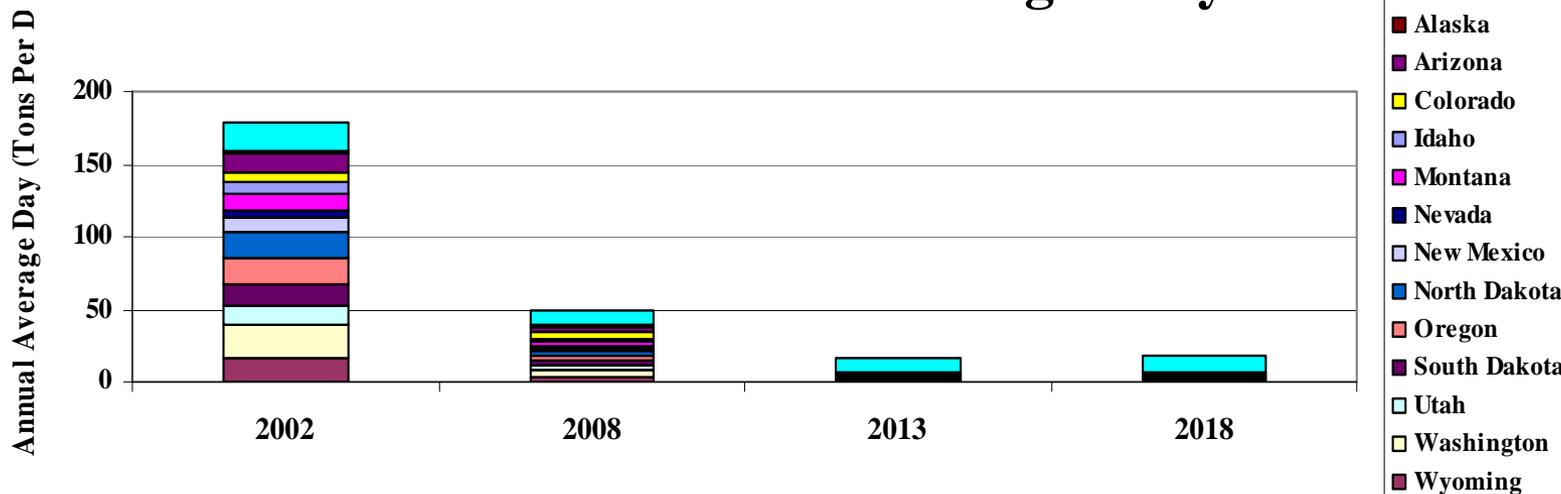
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Mobile Emissions

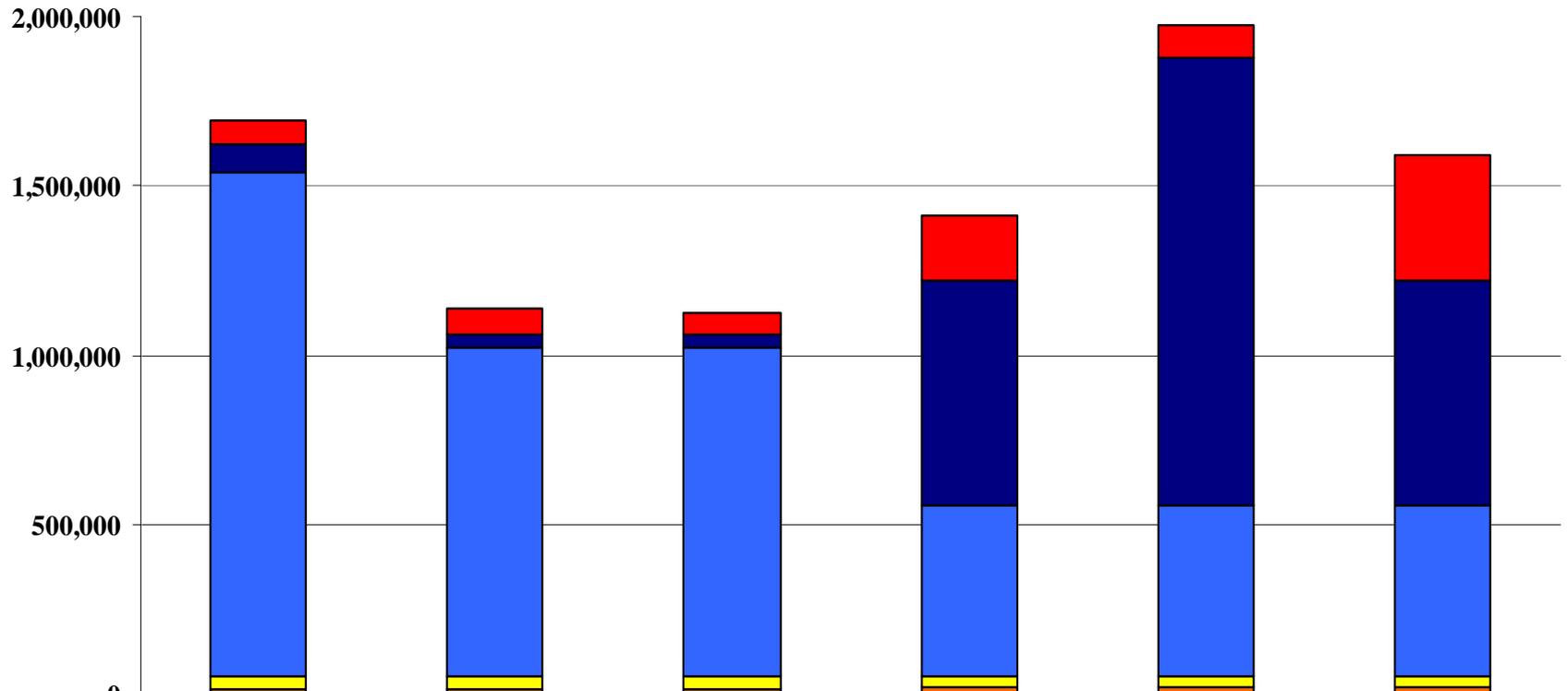
On-Road Emissions Annual Average Daily SO2



Off-Road Emissions Annual Average Daily SO2



WRAP Region Fire PM2.5 Emissions Scenarios (tpy)



	2002 Actual	2000-04 Baseline Average	2018 Planning - Baseline Average with ERTs	2018 Projection A - FLM-proposed activities	2018 Projection B - Climate conditions/resource limited	2018 Projection C - Max. application of Prescribed Fire
■ Prescribed Fire	71,421	72,218	64,170	195,020	97,347	376,206
■ Wildland Fire Use	81,505	41,171	41,171	659,594	1,319,189	659,594
■ Wildfire	1,489,886	971,453	971,453	504,654	504,654	504,654
■ Agricultural Fire	34,571	34,590	34,590	34,590	34,590	34,590
■ N-F Rangeland Fire	15,454	15,454	15,454	18,643	18,643	18,643

Why A Species-Based Approach to understanding PM & Regional Haze Planning?

- Species differ significantly from one another:
 - Contribution to visibility impairment
 - Spatial and seasonal distributions
 - Source types
 - Contribution from natural & international sources
 - Emissions data quality & completeness
 - Atmospheric science quality
 - Tools available for assessment and projection

WRAP Region Emissions/Air Quality Projections Data for Haze Planning

	SO ₂	NO _x	OC/EC	Fine Soil/CM
Emission Sources	Almost entirely anthropogenic. <i>Mostly point sources</i>	Mostly anthropogenic. <i>Mix of combustion sources</i>	Diverse. <i>Mix of anthropogenic, fire, and biogenic VOC sources</i>	Diverse. <i>Very difficult to partition windblown dust into natural vs. anthropogenic</i>
Emissions Data Quality	Very good overall. <i>Activity data less good for area sources</i>	Good. <i>Activity data less good, some coding concerns w/ smaller point, area, and O&G sources</i>	Fair. <i>Good activity data & confidence in PM_{2.5} emissions, but uncertain chemistry of PM_{2.5} & biogenic VOCs</i>	Poor, except for some locales. <i>Categorically complete but accuracy very uncertain</i>
Emission Projections	Very good. <i>Uncertain about area sources</i>	Good. <i>Uncertain about offshore and O&G</i>	Fair. <i>What to expect from fire?</i>	Fair. <i>What to expect from windblown dust?</i>
Atmospheric Science Quality	Very good. <i>Meteorology probably largest uncertainty</i>	Fair. <i>Chemistry more complex, but meteorology too</i>	Fair. <i>Most complex, least understood, but model performance okay</i>	Fair. <i>No major chemistry, but model resolution & meteorology insufficient</i>
WRAP Technical Tools for Haze Planning	Emission Inventories Modeling Projections Modeled Source Apportionment	Emission Inventories Modeling Projections Modeled Source Apportionment	Emission Inventories Modeling Projections Receptor Modeling Weighted Emissions Potential	Emission Inventories Weighted Emissions Potential Causes of Dust Analysis

State programs are already managing emissions

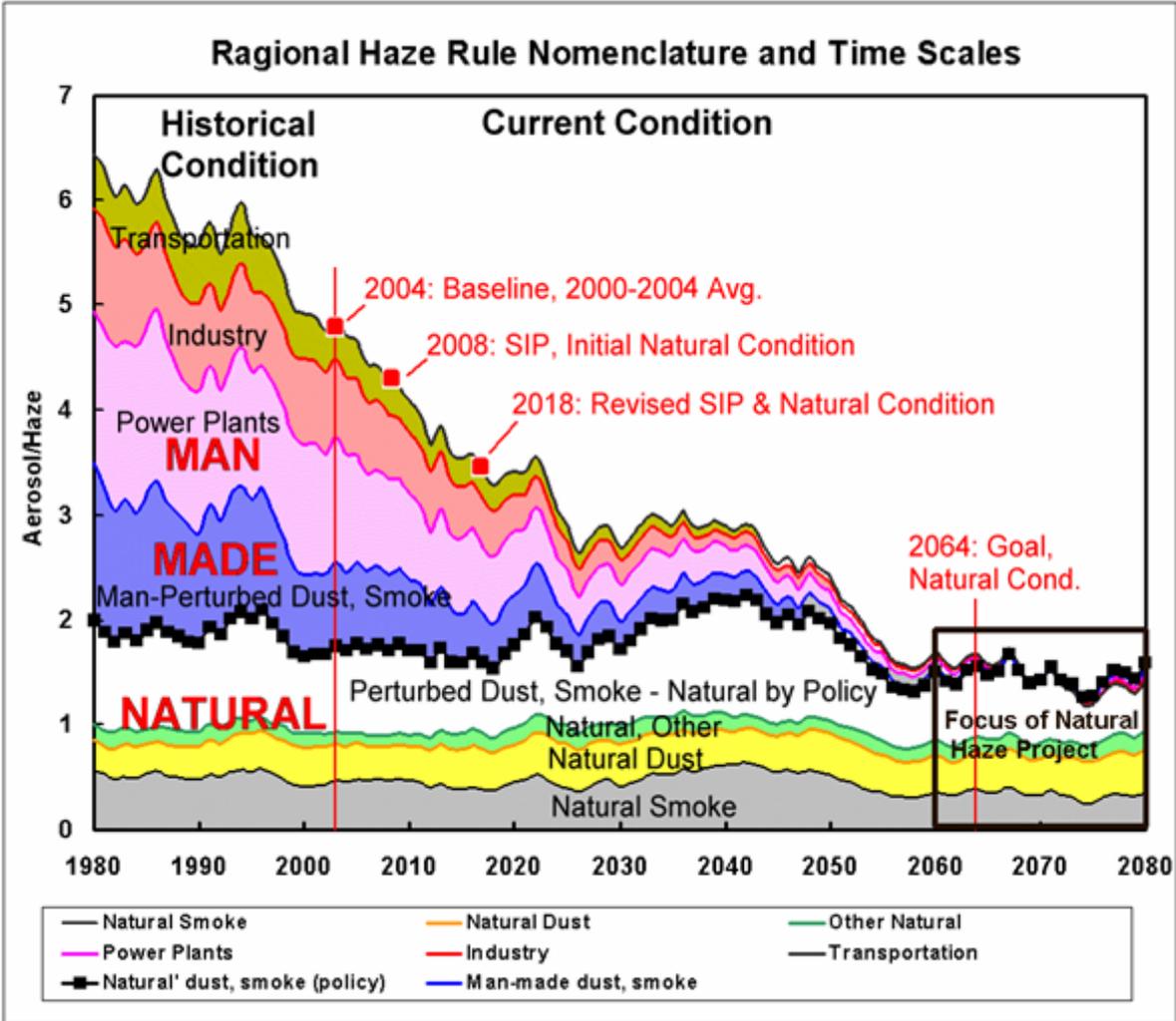
- **BART in process**
- **Title V permits (approved/delegated by EPA)**
- **PSD/NSR (that other visibility protection program)**
- **Smoke management**

- **Reasonable controls and control programs are in place for meaningful sources contributing to visibility impairment**

A complete haze plan in the WRAP region: an integration

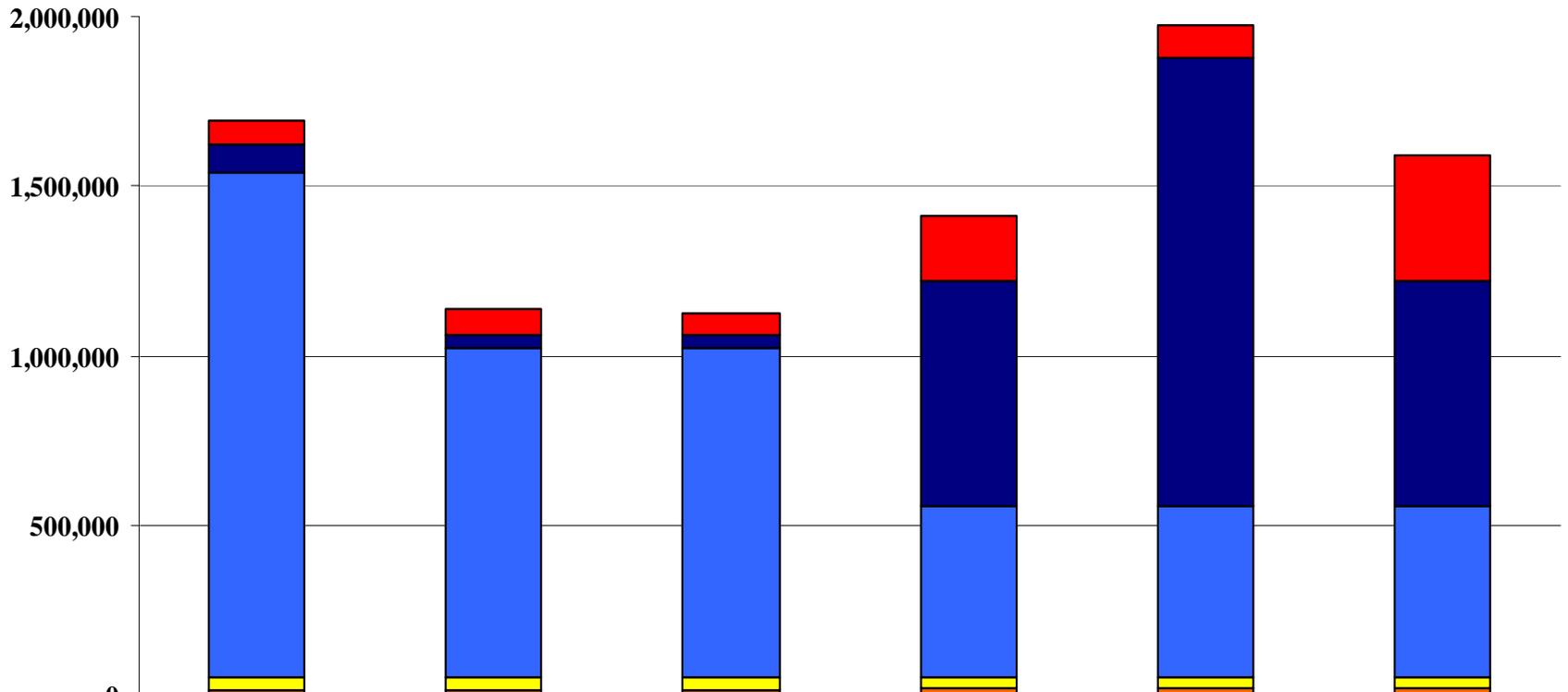
- **BART controls and §309 SO₂ program**
- **Manage controllable fire emissions and track emissions;**
- **Account for growth;**
- **Identify natural and uncontrollable emissions and their impacts;**
- **Set reasonable progress goals for 2018; and**
- **Adopt stable IMPROVE monitoring network for tracking visibility**

Likely actual western glide path



Fire Emissions

WRAP Region Fire PM2.5 Emissions Scenarios (tpy)



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2018 Planning - Seasonal Suites of Emissions Reduction Techniques (ERTs)

- **List common combinations of ERTs applied during each season for the four vegetation types (Grass, Brush, Timber, Crop).**
- **From available Emission Reduction Factor (ERF) information, assign a single ERF to each seasonal suite of ERTs.**
 - **Input from Regional Experts**
 - **SW – Fitch/Lahm, USDA FS**
 - **NW – Russell, USDA FS/USDO I BLM**
 - **IMW – Paintner, USDoI NPS**
- **Prepare the Seasonal Suite table for each sub-region.**

2018 Planning - Seasonal ERT Suites

Northwest¹

	Grass	Ref	Brush	Ref	Timber	Ref	Crop (ag)	Ref
Seasonal ERT Suites:								
Spring	55%	5,6,7,9,10,11,14,18	70%	3,8,9,12,13,	40%	1,12,15,16,18,19,22	0%	
Summer	65%	18,6	45%	6,7,10,11,18	45%	1,2,3,4,22	20-40%	1,2,3,10
Fall	65%	9,10,11	65%	3,10,11,13,18	40-65%	1,2,4,12,13,17,18,21,22	60-80%	20,21,22
Winter	10%	5,9,12	70%	15,9	10-40%	12,13,15,16,17,20,21,22	70-80%	20,21,22

Southwest²

	Grass	Ref	Brush	Ref	Timber	Ref	Crop (ag)	Ref
Seasonal ERT Suites:								
Spring	55%	5,6,9,10,11,18	45%	3,5,6,8,9,10	45%	1,7,8,9,10,12,13,15,16,18,19	50%	3,10,11,21
Summer	55%	5,6,9,10,11	40%	5,6,7,8,18	30%	1,10,12,17,19	50%	3,10,11,21
Fall	55%	5,6,7,10,11,12,13,18	45%	3,5,10,11,13,18	45%	1,2,3,4,10,11,12,13,16,17,18,19	70%	3,10,11,21
Winter	55%	5,6,10,11,13,18	45%	3,5,10,11,13,18	60%	1,10,11,12,13,19,21	70%	3,10,11,21

Intermountain West³

	Grass	Ref	Brush	Ref	Timber	Ref	Crop (ag)	Ref
Seasonal ERT Suites:								
Spring	55%	5,6,7,9,10,11,14,18	40%	3,5,6,9,13	40%	1,9,10,12,13,15,16,18,19,21	50%	10,11
Summer	60%	5,6,10,11,18	40%	5,6,7,10,11,13,18	45%	1,2,3,4,10,12,19	40%	1,3,10,11
Fall	65%	5,6,7,10,11,18	60%	3,5,10,11,13,18	60%	1,2,4,10,12,13,17,18,19,21	70%	10,20,21,22
Winter	25%	5,6,9,10,11,18	50%	3,5,9,13,15,17,18	20%	10,12,13,15,16,19,20,21	0%	

Example ERT Suite

Northwest¹

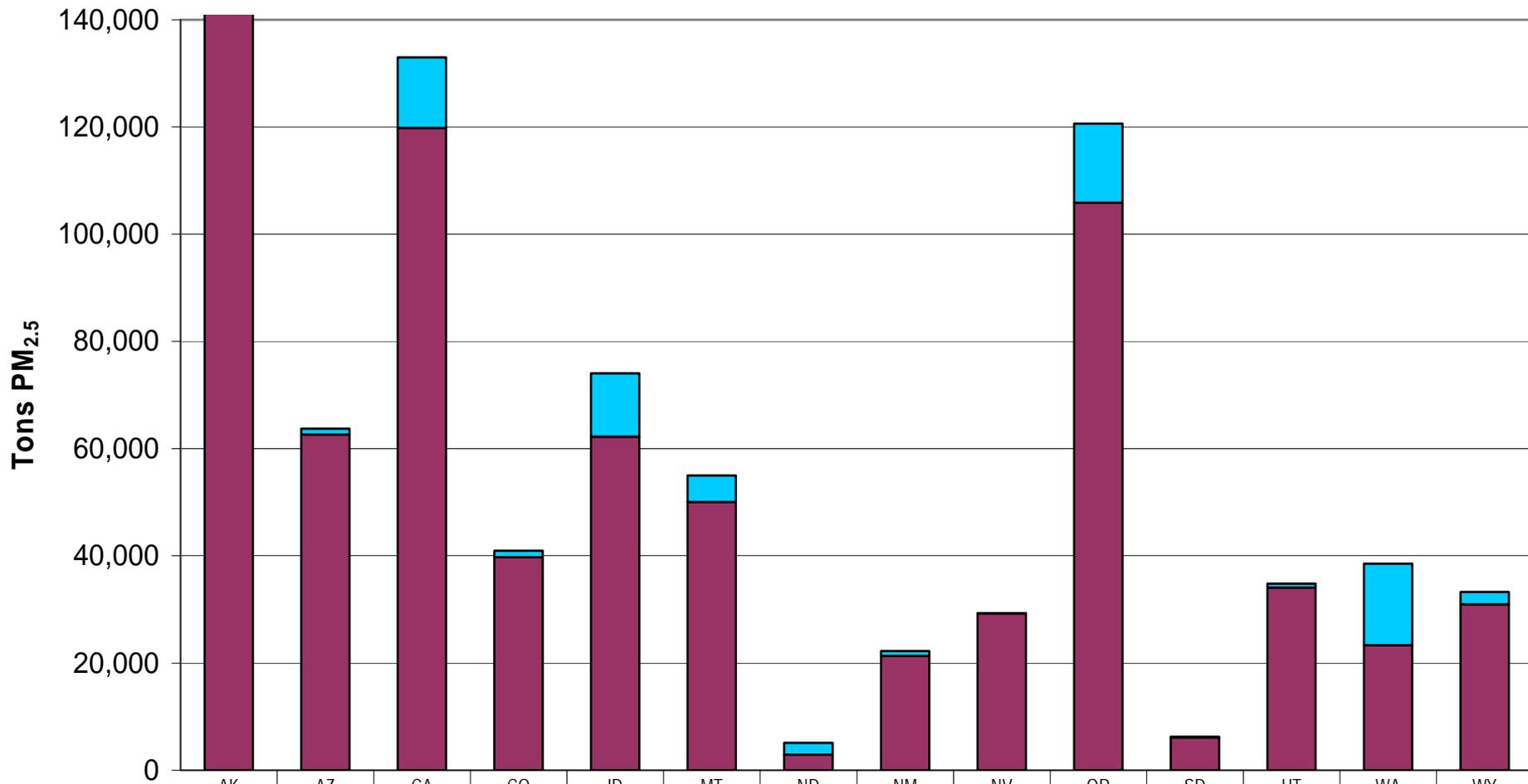
Timber

Fall **40-65%** **1,2,4,12,13,17,18,21,22**

	Emissions Reduction Method	ERT Cat	Definition
1	Pre-Burn Fuel Removal	2	(Mechanical removal.) Includes mechanical removal of logging debris from clearcuts, onsite chipping of woody material and/or brush for offsite utilization, and mechanical removal of fuels which may or may not be followed by offsite burning in a more controlled environment.
2	Firewood Sales	2	Removal of woody debris using firewood
4	Biomass Utilization (except for Elect Gen)	2	17 Burn Before Large Activity Fuels Cure 4 Burning activity-generated fuels within 3-4 drying months of timber harvests to reduce the consumption of large fuels due to residual live fuel moisture.
12	Isolating Fuels	1	18 Aerial Ignition/Mass Ignition 6 Ignition techniques to shorten the duration of the smoldering fire and reduce the total amount of fuel consumed.
13	Concentration Burning	1	21 Pile Burning 6 Fuels concentrated into clean and dry piles generate greater heat and burn more efficiently. A greater amount of consumption occurs in the flaming phase and the emission factor is lower. (brush; forest)
			22 Air Curtain Incinerators 6 Burning fuels in a large metal container or pit with the aid of powerful fan-like device to force additional oxygen in to the combustion process.

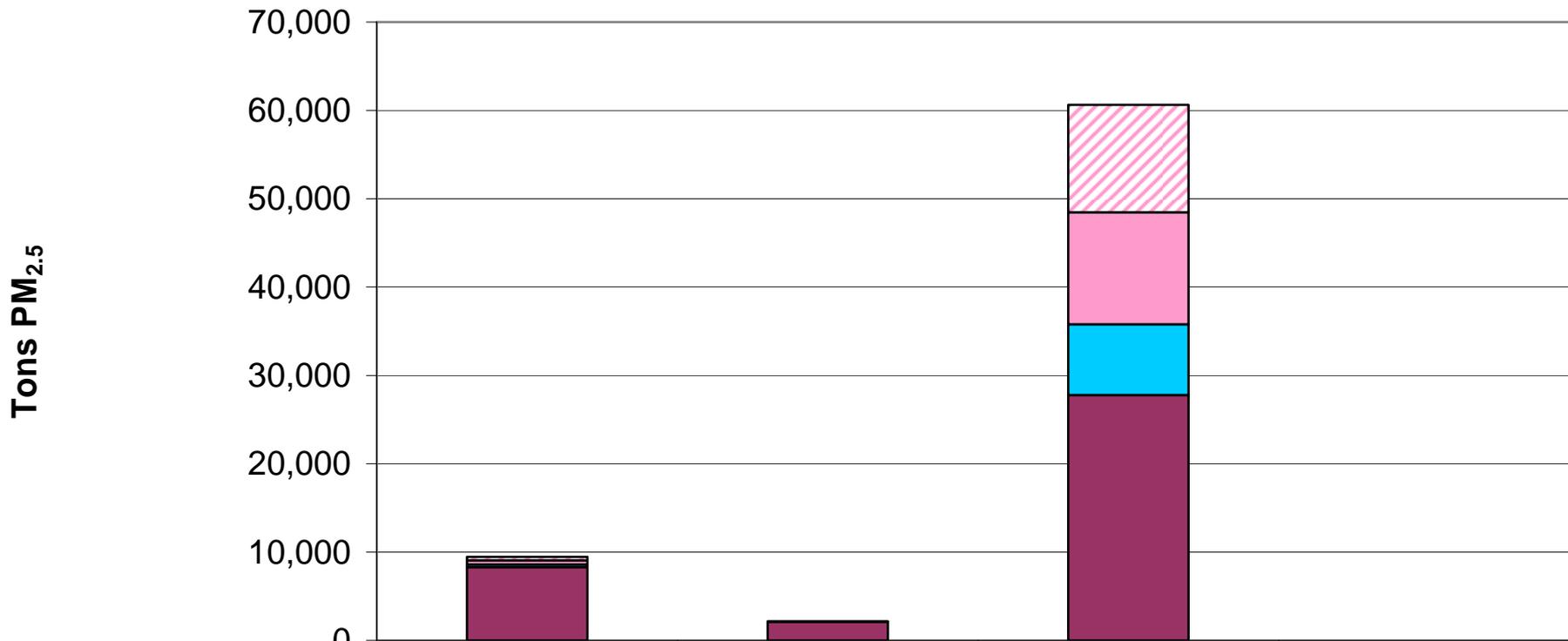
2018 Planning - Baseline Average with ERTs

Baseline Emission Inventory: Natural vs. Anthropogenic PM_{2.5} Emissions



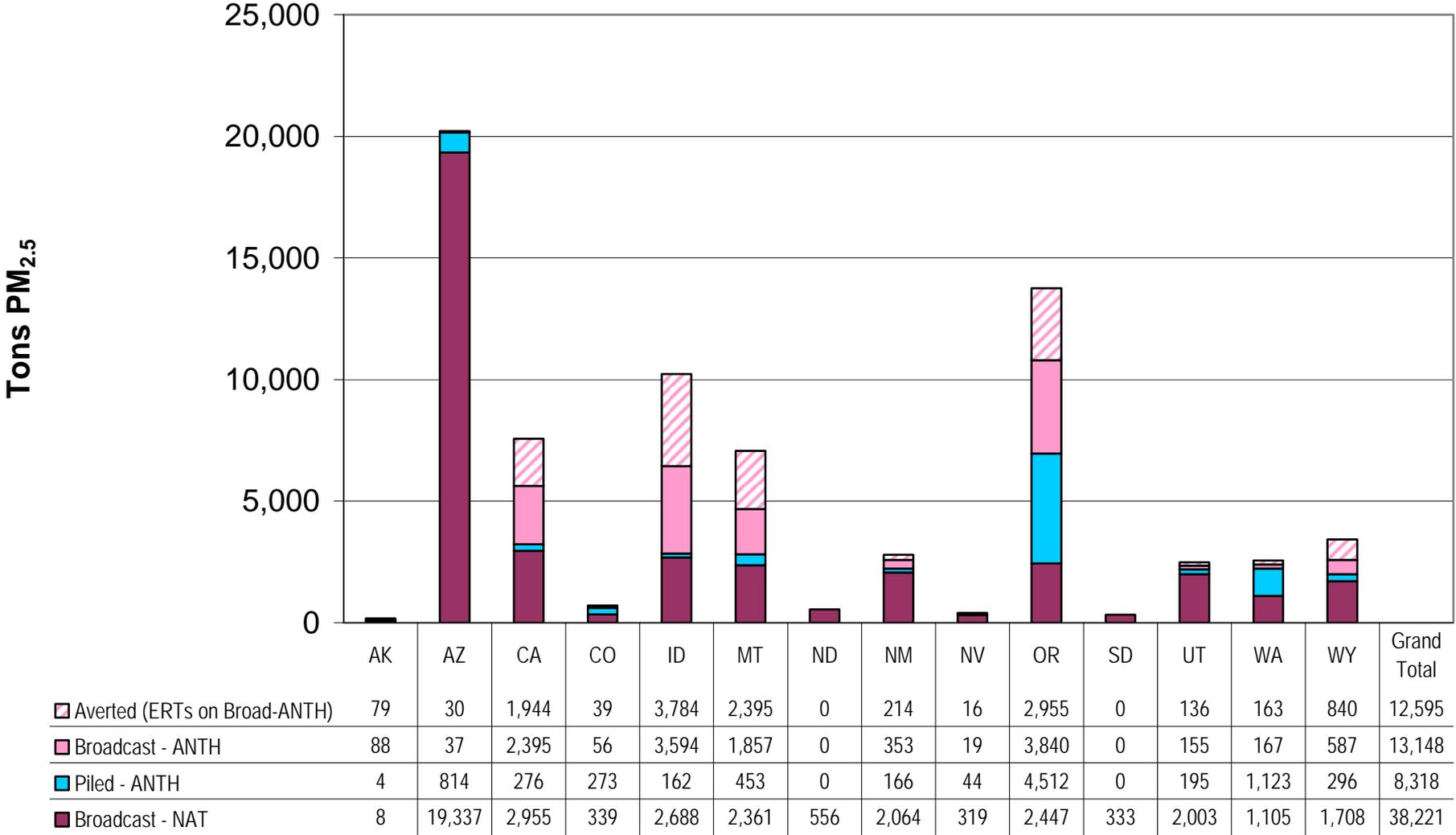
■ Anth PM _{2.5}	172	1,090	13,157	1,220	11,842	4,900	2,155	923	98	14,713	136	697	15,250	2,298
■ Natural PM _{2.5}	478,057	62,620	119,806	39,740	62,212	50,072	2,927	21,329	29,226	105,890	6,119	34,103	23,301	30,936
Acres	1,124,577	591,509	1,358,937	249,834	955,301	735,393	310,262	341,054	299,837	919,592	289,711	276,463	858,071	236,491

2018 Planning - Baseline Average with ERTs Prescribed Burning by Fuel Type: Emissions Averted

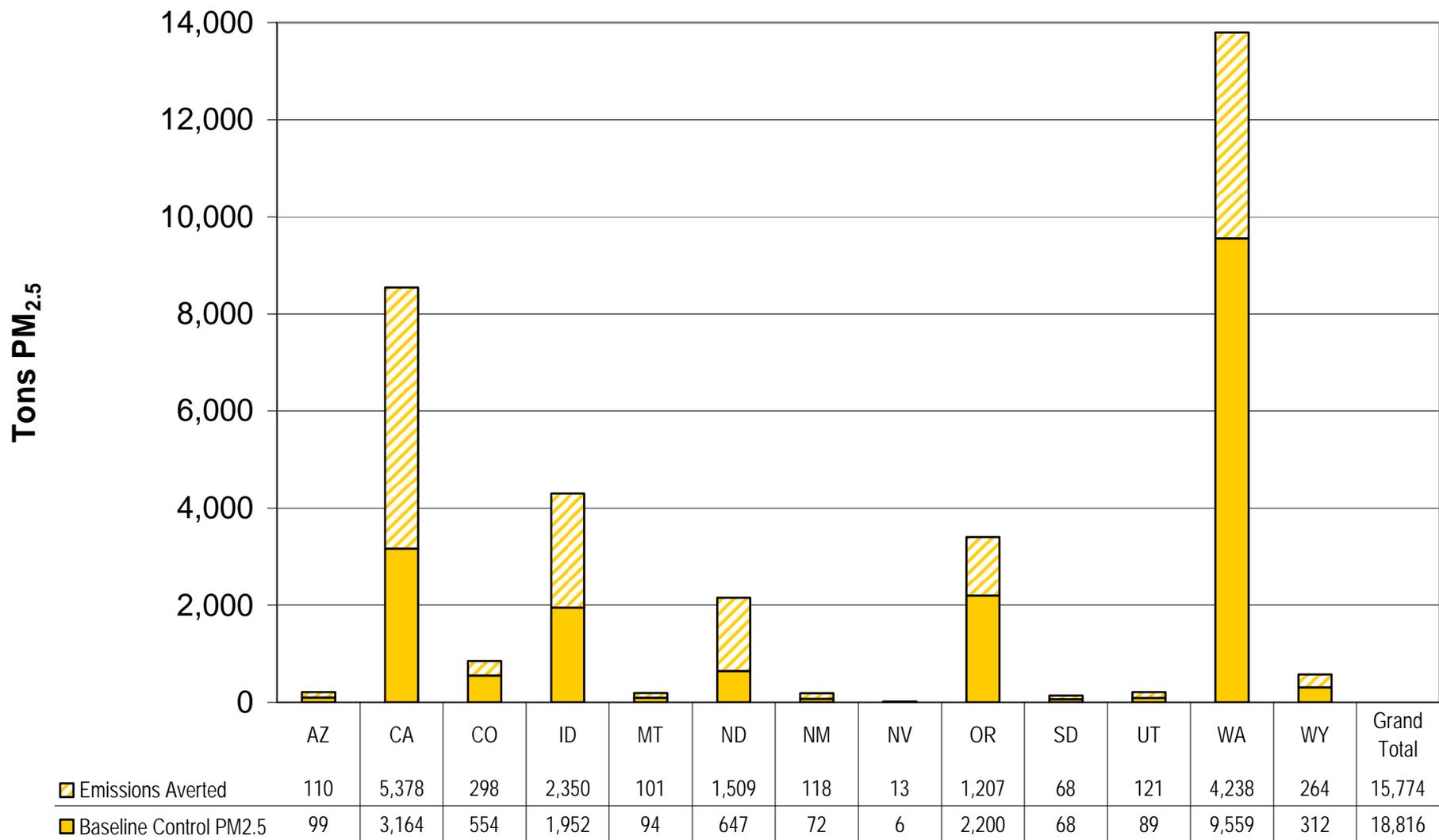


	Brush	Grass	Timber	Grand Total
■ Averted (ERTs on Broad-ANTH)	413	0	12,182	12,595
■ Broadcast - ANTH	459	0	12,688	13,148
■ Piled - ANTH	286	34	7,997	8,318
■ Broadcast - NAT	8,314	2,125	27,782	38,221
Acres	110,105	59,641	499,602	669,348

2018 Planning - Baseline Average with ERTs Prescribed Burning by State: Emissions Averted



2018 Planning - Baseline Average with ERTs Agricultural Burning by State: Emissions Averted



Coal Capacity Added by Decade

