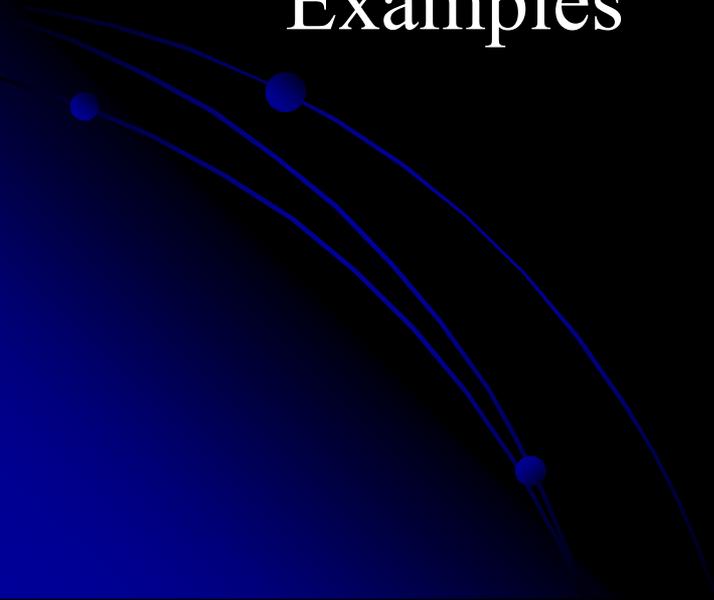


# Technical Audits of the Chemical Speciation Laboratories



Jewell Smiley  
US EPA ORIA-Montgomery  
Before the  
**IMPROVE Steering Committee**  
September 5-6, 2007

# Items to Cover

- Who / What is NAREL?
  - History of QA Support from NAREL
  - Audit Procedures Explained with Recent Examples
- 

# US EPA / NAREL



# US EPA / OAR / ORIA / NAREL





# Agreement Between ORIA and OAQPS



ORIA QA Support  
for OAQPS

ORIA QA SUPPORT  
TO OAQPS

**Introduction**

**PPM Collection in VARI**

**Operational Challenges**

**Operational Challenge Solutions**



1 8:21 AM

# Specific QA Activities

- PT Samples  
single-blind samples analyzed at different labs
  - Laboratory TSA  
on-site inspection and interviews with lab staff
  - Special Studies  
experimental investigations
- 

# History of QA Support

<i>Date</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Link</i>
Nov 2000	PT samples submitted to RTI	no
Dec 2000	On-site audit at RTI	<u>yes</u>
Nov 2001	Special Study of quartz filter contamination	<u>yes</u>
Dec 2001	PT samples submitted to RTI	<u>yes</u>
Feb 2002	On-site audit at RTI	<u>yes</u>
Jun 2002	Special Study of Nylon filter extraction efficiency - autumn season	<u>yes</u>
Jul 2002	PT samples submitted to RTI and DRI	<u>yes</u>
Jan 2003	PT samples submitted to UC-Davis	<u>yes</u>
Feb 2003	Special Study to further examine quartz filter contamination	no
May 2003	Special Study of Nylon filter extraction efficiency - summer season	<u>yes</u>

# History of QA Support (continued)

<i>Date</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Link</i>
Sep 2003	On-site audit at RTI	<u>yes</u>
Nov 2003	PT samples submitted to RTI	<u>yes</u>
Jan 2005	PT samples submitted to CARB, DRI, ODEQ, RTI, and EPA-RTP	<u>yes</u>
Mar 2005	On-site audit at DRI	<u>yes</u>
Mar 2005	On-site audit at UC-Davis	no
Jul 2005	On-site audit at RTI	<u>yes</u>
May 2006	PT samples submitted to CARB, DRI, ODEQ, RTI, UC-Davis, and EPA-RTP	<u>yes</u>
May 2007	On-site audit at DRI	<u>yes</u>
May 2007	On-site audit at UC-Davis	<u>yes</u>

# Example of NAREL Report



## TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

**TO:** Dennis Crumpler / OAQPS  
Dr. Marc Pitchford / IMPROVE Steering Committee Chair

**FROM:** Eric Boswell / NAREL

**COPY:** Dr. Charles McDade / UC-Davis

**AUTHOR:** Jewell Smiley / NAREL

**DATE:** August 4, 2007

**SUBJECT:** UC-Davis Laboratory Audit

### Introduction

On May 16-17, 2007, a Technical Systems Audit (TSA) was conducted at the Crocker Nuclear Laboratory (CNL) located on the campus at the University of California in Davis, California (UC-Davis). The TSA was performed as part of the quality assurance oversight provided by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for the Interagency Monitoring of Protected Visual Environments (IMPROVE) program. The Air Quality Group working at the CNL facility has been providing valuable and critical services for the IMPROVE program since the program began in 1987. More information about the program can be found at the IMPROVE web site at the following address. <http://vista.cira.colostate.edu/improve>

The audit was performed by Steve Taylor, Jewell Smiley, and Marc Pitchford. Steve and Jewell are

# Travel to Audits - March 2005



# Travel to Audits - March 2005



# DRI Audit - March 2005



# On-site Audit at DRI – May 2007



# On-site Audit at DRI – May 2007



# Leaving DRI Audit – May 2007



# Leaving DRI Audit – May 2007



# On-site Audit at RTI – July 2005



# On-site Audit at RTI – July 2005



# Preparing for an On-site Audit

- Request copy of most recent QA documents – laboratory SOPs, QAPP, organizational chart
- Check report from last audit and PT samples – select items to discuss during audit
- Prepare supplies for on-site measurements – standards, data loggers
- Schedule a convenient time for the audit and communicate the agenda

# Historical Audit Issue

After PM has been collected onto the surface of a teflon filter, how is the gravimetric mass measurement affected by humidity?

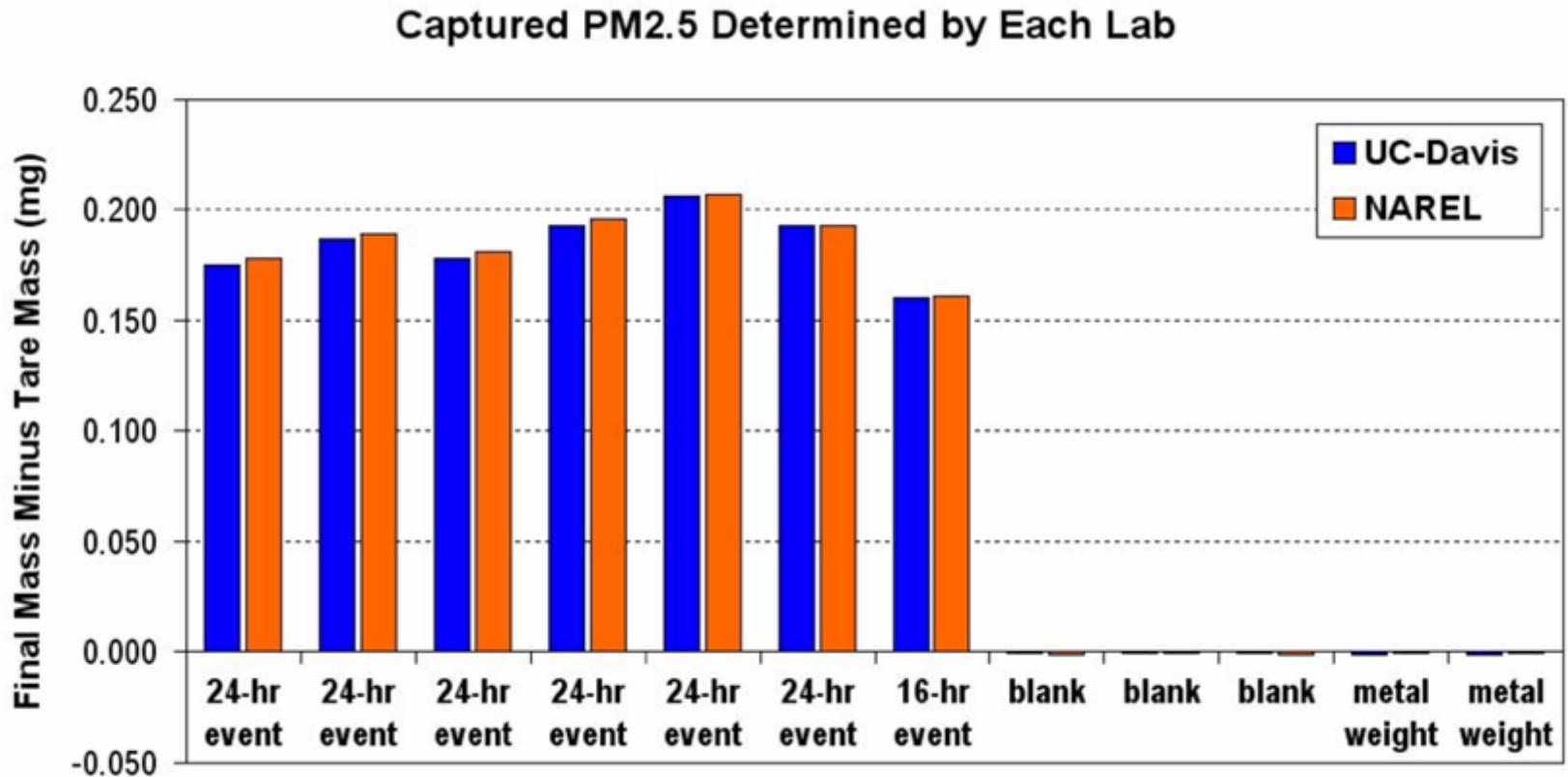
# UC-Davis Audit – May 2005

Report Finding #4: Filters are not equilibrated for at least 24-hours within a weighing chamber with good control of temperature, humidity, and dust.

**Comment:** UC-Davis has provided evidence that filters equilibrate to constant mass within ten minutes [see Table 3]. The audit team has not seen evidence to dispute their findings. The weighing laboratory personnel began their analysis of a gravimetric PE sample set during this TSA while the audit team was present. The final results, which were excellent, are included in this report [see Figure 2, Figure 3, and Table 4].

# UC-Davis Audit Report – March 2005

Figure 2



# UC-Davis Audit Report – March 2005

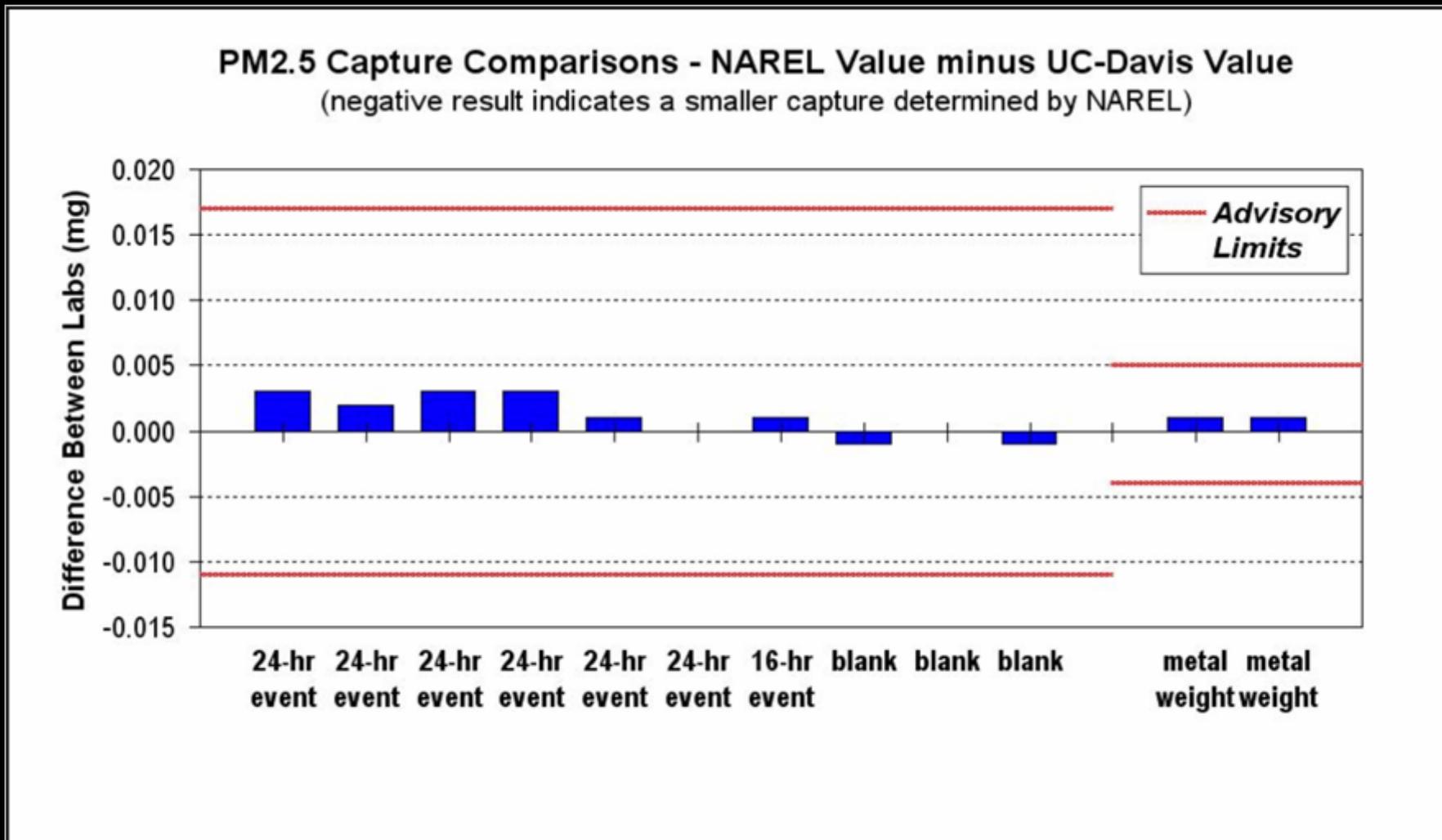
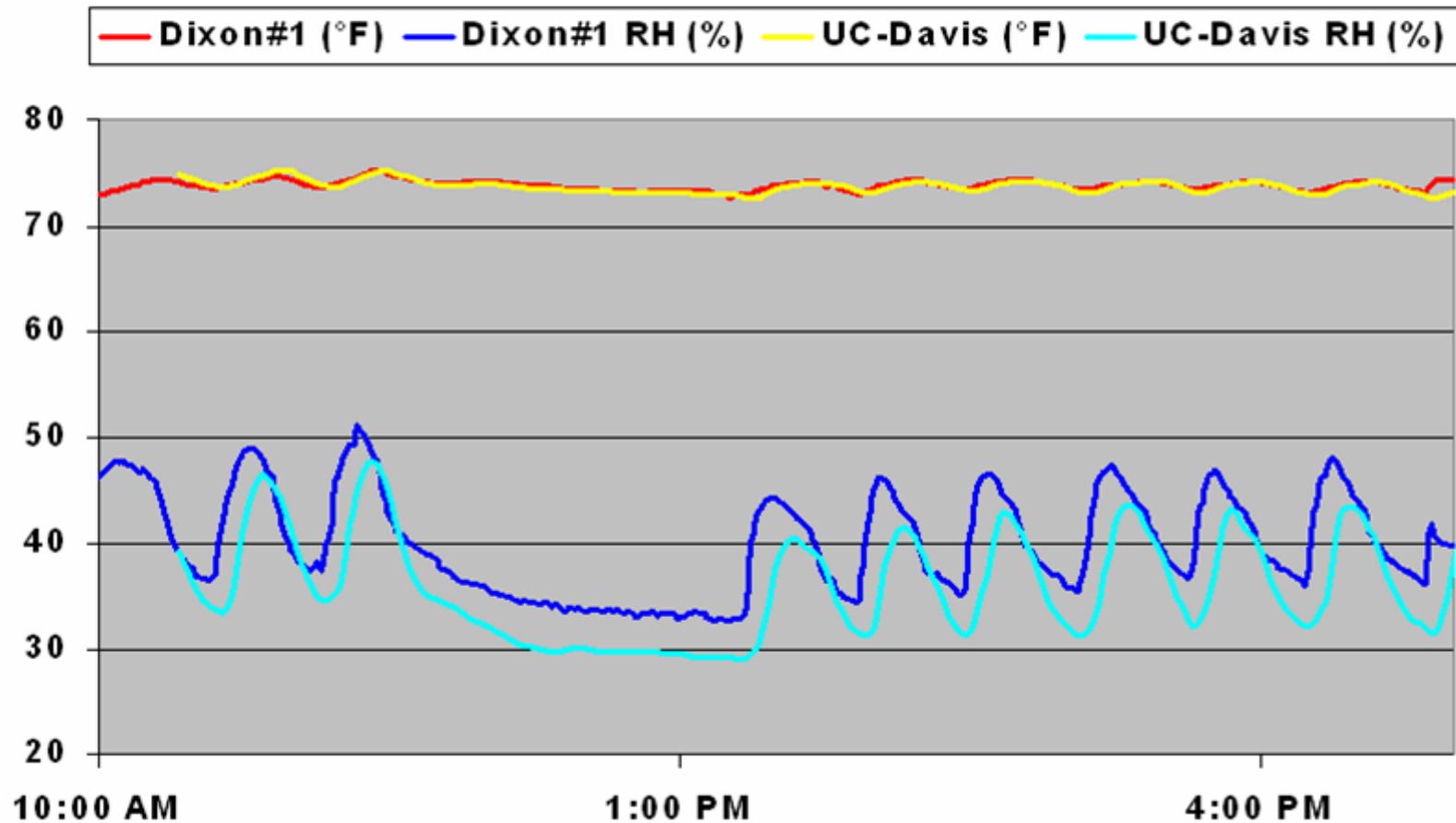


Figure 3

# Weighing Room at UC-Davis (2005)

Figure 1. Temperature and Relative Humidity Data

## Weighing Room Conditions at UC-Davis



# Experiment Performed at NAREL

- 1) Test filters were loaded with PM<sub>2.5</sub> at NAREL.
- 2) Filters were placed into zip lock bags before bringing them into the lab.
- 3) Each filter was weighed several times at 35% RH.
- 4) Each filter was weighed several times at 60% RH.
- 5) Each filter was weighed again at 35% RH.
- 6) Chamber temperature was held constant at 70 °F.
- 7) Exposure time to chamber humidity was recorded before each measurement.

# Description of the Test Filters

- ✓ Six 25-mm teflon filters

  - 2 replicates from 68-hour collection event

  - 2 replicates from 24-hour collection event

    - 2 blank filters

- ✓ Only one type of filter and one kind of air was tested.

# Speciation Air Samplers at NAREL



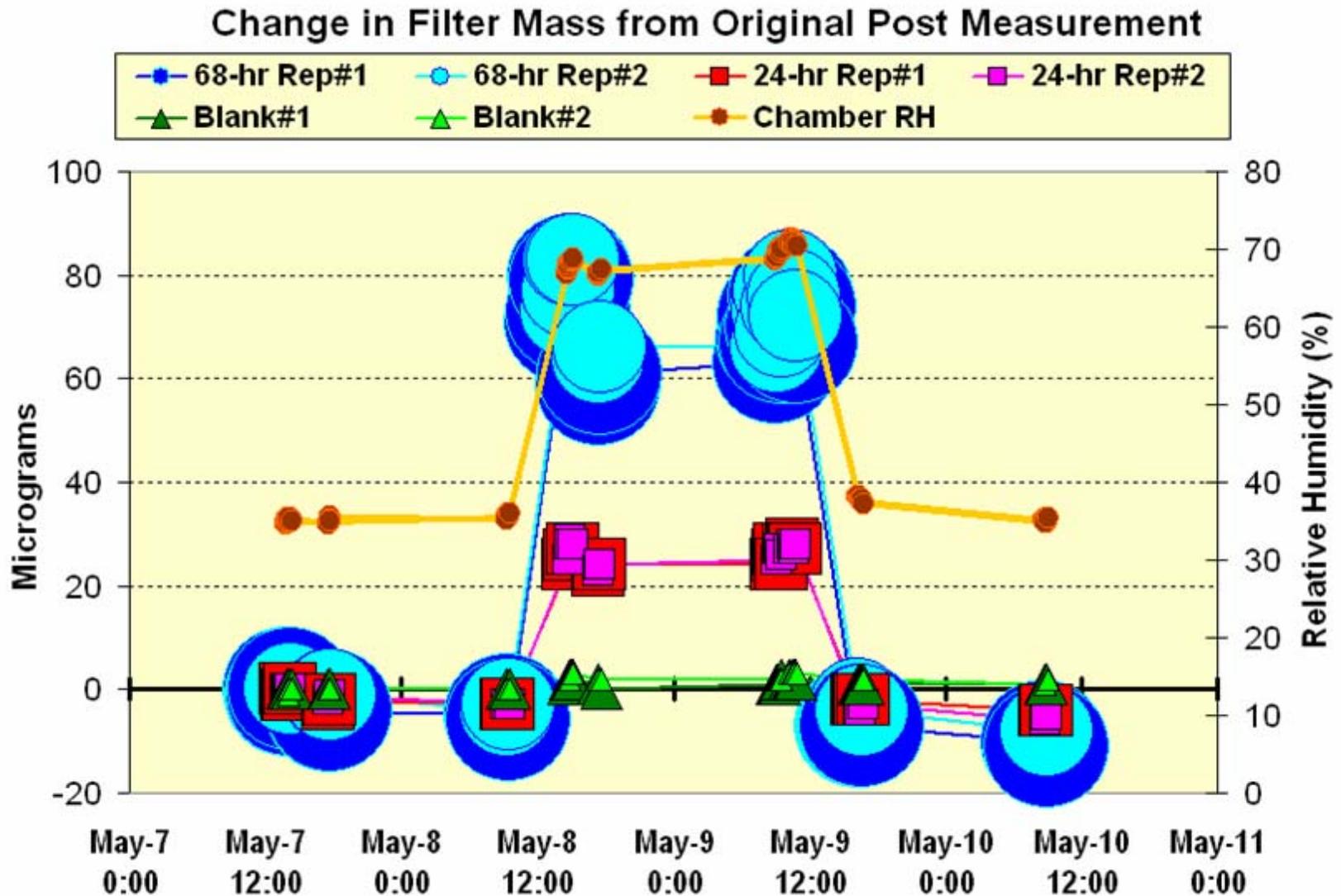
# Weighing Chamber at NAREL



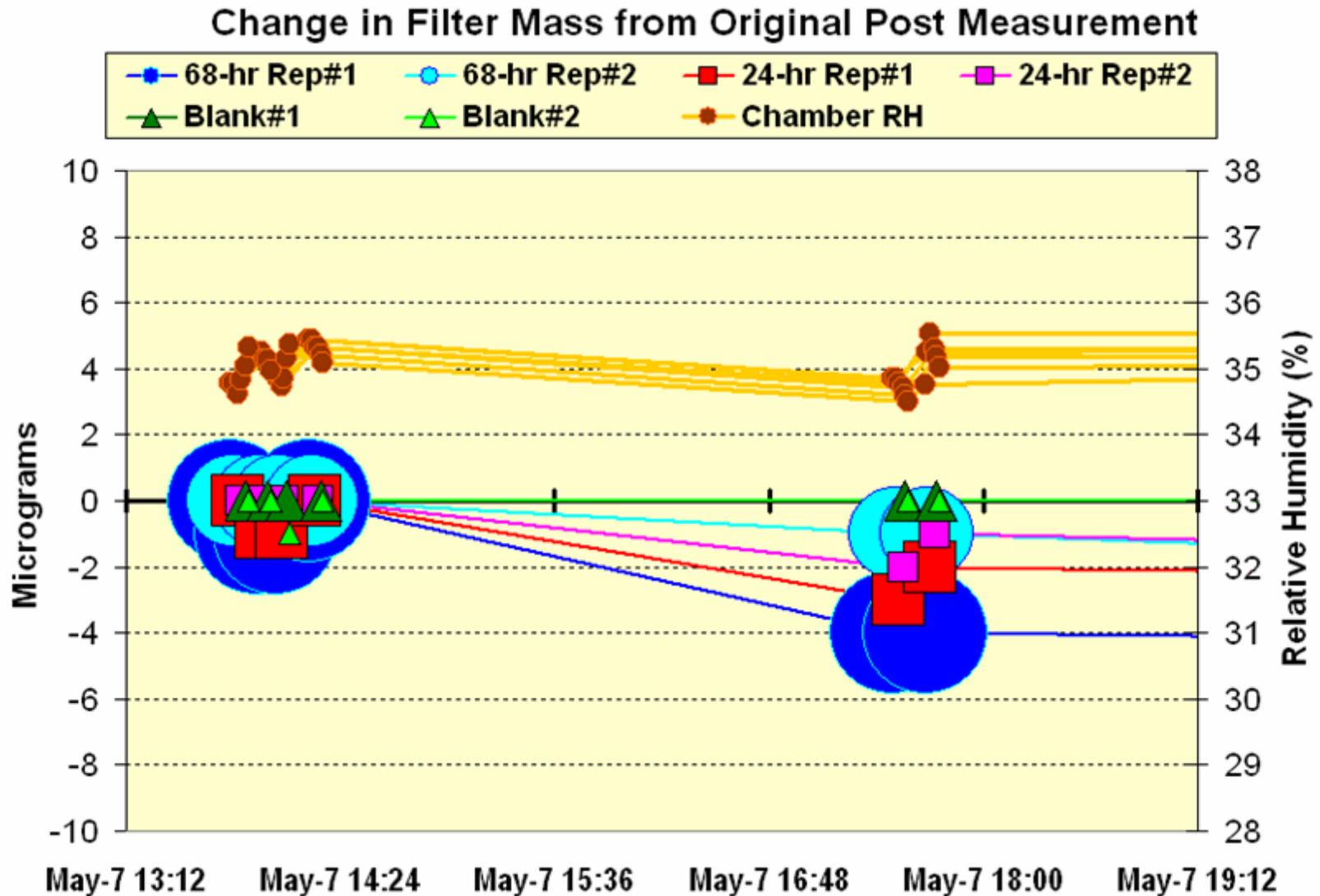
# Weighing Chamber at NAREL



# Gravimetric Mass and Humidity



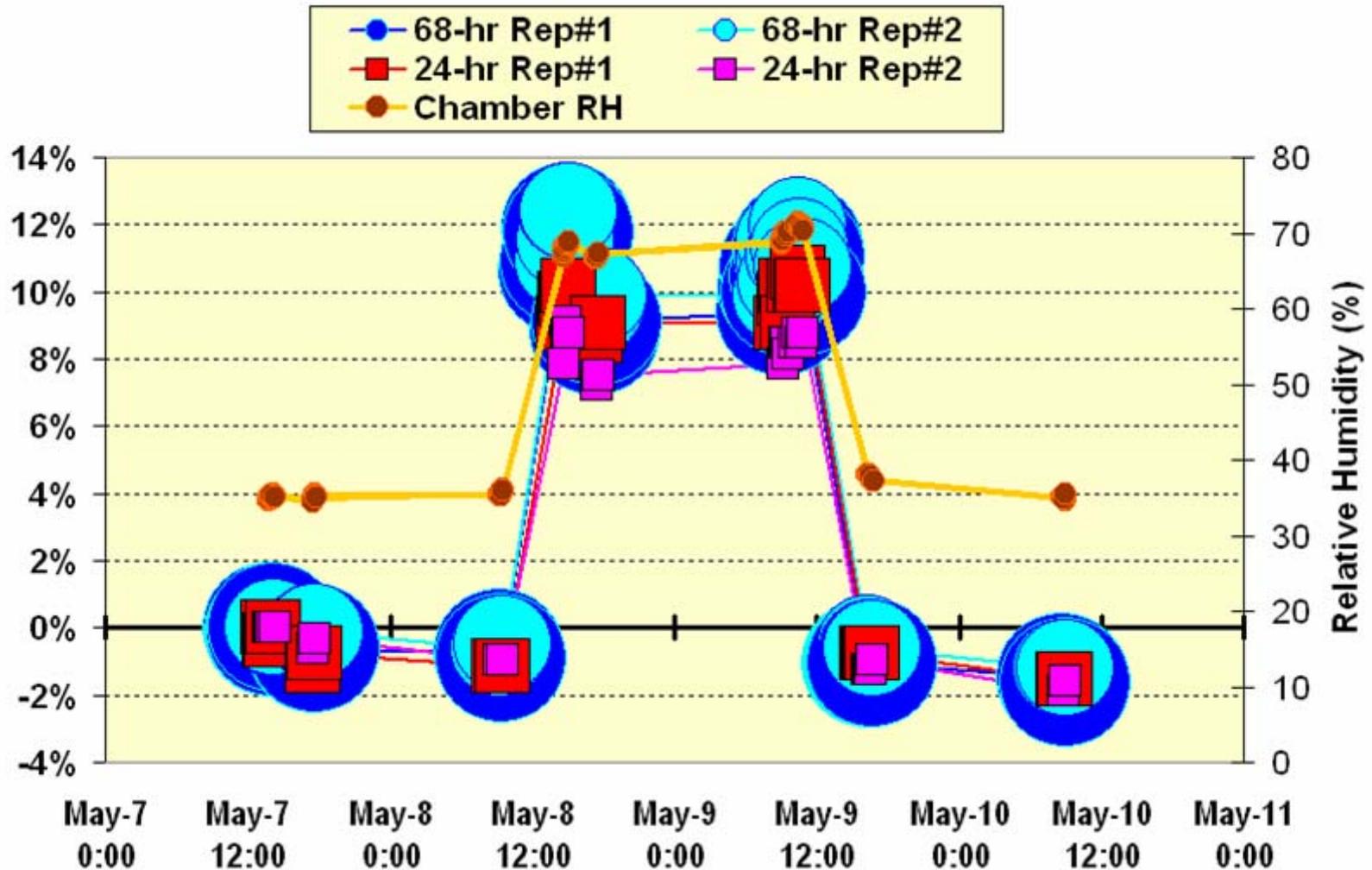
# Gravimetric Mass and Humidity





# Gravimetric Mass and Humidity

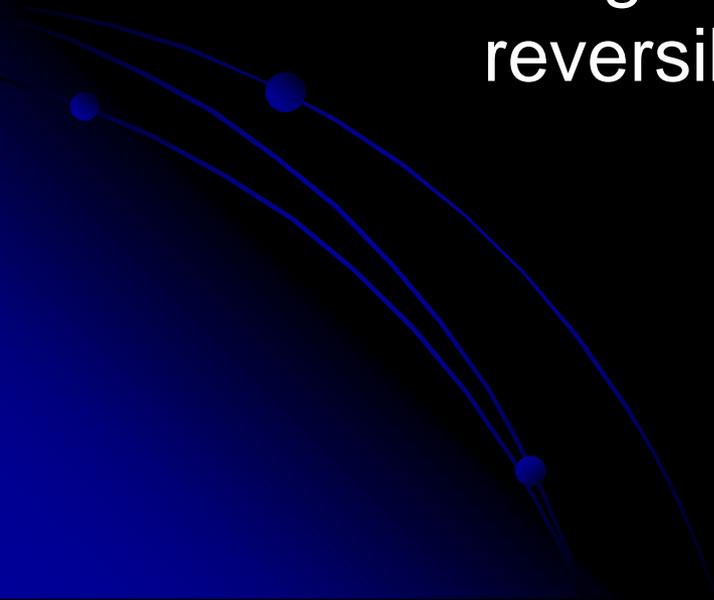
Change in Captured PM2.5 from Original Measurement



# What did we learn?

The mass measurement can be affected by humidity, and the kinetics are fast for 25-mm IMPROVE filters.

Changes in mass seem to be reversible.



# UC-Davis Audit – March 2007

Report Finding #2: Currently blank filters are weighed more than once to generate precision data, but loaded filters are not routinely weighed more than once. This audit has demonstrated that large swings in humidity occur inside the weighing room which could affect loaded filters more than blank filters. This is a potential problem that was identified during the last EPA audit.

**Recommendation:** A small percentage of loaded filters should be weighed more than once to generate new precision data. The repeat measurement should not be made immediately but it should not be delayed for more than a few hours. NAREL has observed loaded filters to gradually lose mass over time possibly due to the vapor pressure of the captured semi-volatile components of the PM.

Questions?

