

XRF Standards Development

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IMPROVE Steering Committee Meeting

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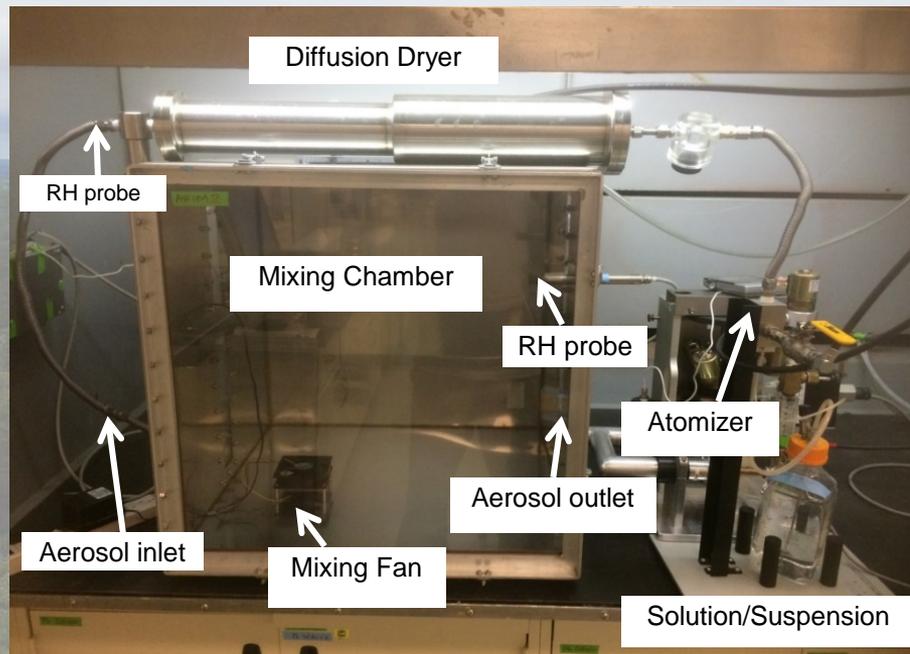


XRF Reference Materials (RMs)

- Use for calibration and quality control
 - Add to existing calibration reference materials from MicroMatter and NIST
 - Started using our in-house single-element RMs in 2011
 - Started using our in-house multi-element RMs in 2014
- Commercially available RMs are very limited
 - Not at concentrations relevant to atmosphere
 - Not on appropriate media
 - Only one NIST standard RM available

Generating XRF Reference Materials (RM)

- Materials
 - High purity salts (>99.9%) and nanoparticles (>99%) for single-element (SE-RMs)
 - Certified multi-element solutions for Multi-element RM (ME-RMs)



- Sample Collection
 - PTFE filters, 3 μm pore size, 25mm and 37mm (IMPROVE sampler) and 47mm (Partisol, MetOne SASS)
- Determining Reference Loadings
 - Ultra-microbalance for salts and nanoparticles
 - Inter-laboratory comparisons and ratios to well-measured elements for ICP calibration solutions

Single Compound Standards

Completed (*indicates completed in 2016-2017, half way through list of elements)

Acceptance Criteria: gravimetric uncertainty < 10% & XRF-Bias < 10%

Compound	Element	Range of tested loadings, $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$	Extra method for verification
NaCl	Na	0.7-34.0	Interlab comparison (IC)
	Cl	1.0-52.0	Interlab comparison (IC)
AlCeO ₃ nanoparticles*	Al	0.6-5.5	Interlab comparison (XRF)
	Ce	3.0-29.0	
SiO ₂ nanoparticles	Si	1.3-25	Interlab comparison (XRF)
(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄	S	0.5-55	Interlab comparison (IC)
KCl	K	0.5-30.0	Interlab comparison (XRF, IC)
	Cl	0.5-30.0	Interlab comparison (XRF, IC)
TiO ₂ nanoparticles*	Ti	0.7-23.0	Interlab comparison (XRF)
Fe ₂ O ₃ nanoparticles*	Fe	0.7-7.0	Interlab comparison (XRF)
CuO nanoparticles*	Cu	1.7-13.0	Interlab comparison (XRF)
ZnO nanoparticles*	Zn	1.2-6.0	Interlab comparison (XRF)
Lead Acetate	Pb	0.7-14.0	Interlab comparison (XRF, ICP-MS)

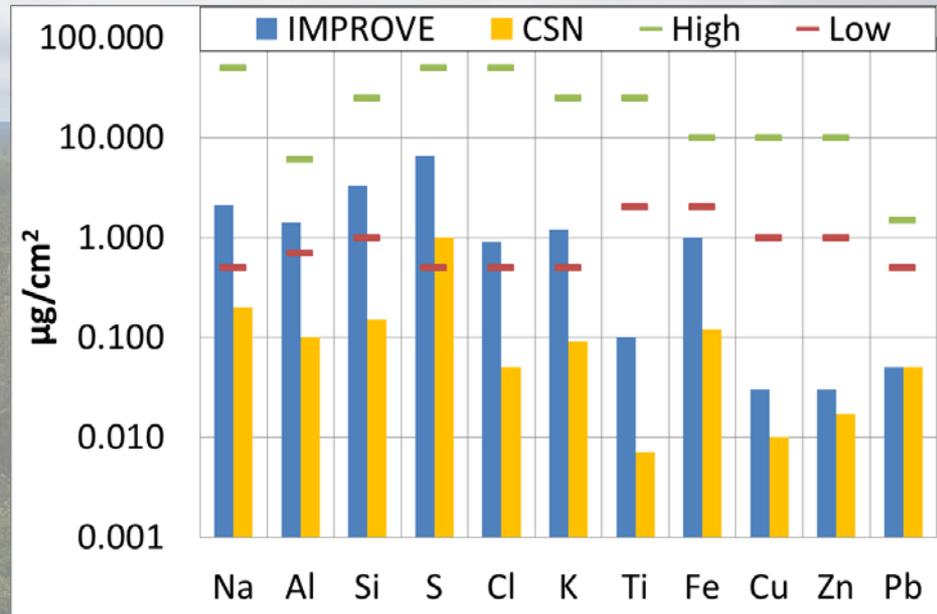
Limitations:

- Availability of high-purity raw materials to generate desired standards
- Balance capability: accurate measurements require ~10 μg material deposit on filter

Single Compound RM Status

- Loadings as close to levels measured in IMPROVE as possible
- SE-RMs are stable and not affected by XRF analysis
 - Sulfate, sodium chloride, and lead standards have remained stable for >5 years
- Evaluated by other labs: Environment Canada (ECC), RTI, DRI, European JRC, International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), New Zealand Isotope Centre

The range of generated standards (**Low** and **High**) compare to **IMPROVE** and **CSN** 90%iles for selected elements

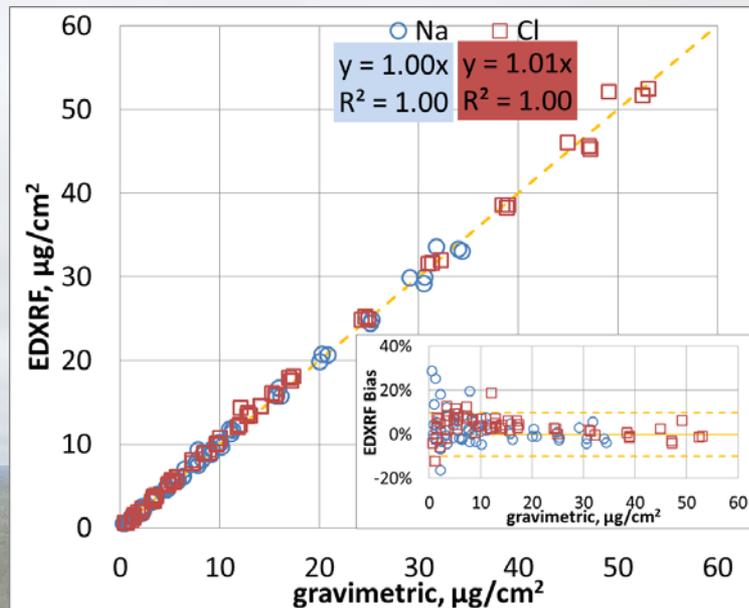
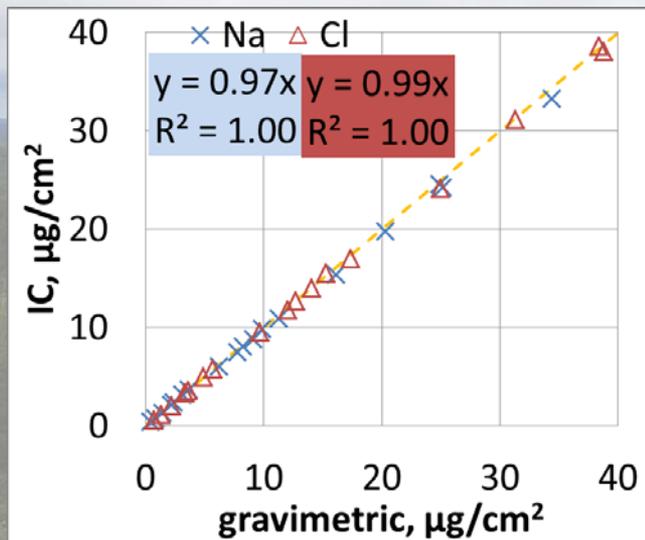


Na & Cl

NaCl salt

XRF-Bias : <10%

Good IC vs. gravimetric agreement (IC bias<10%)



- XRF-bias from C_{Ref} ; $[C_{\text{XRF}}/C_{\text{Ref}} - 1]$
 - C_{XRF} = Result from by EDXRF
 - C_{Ref} = Reference mass based on gravimetric

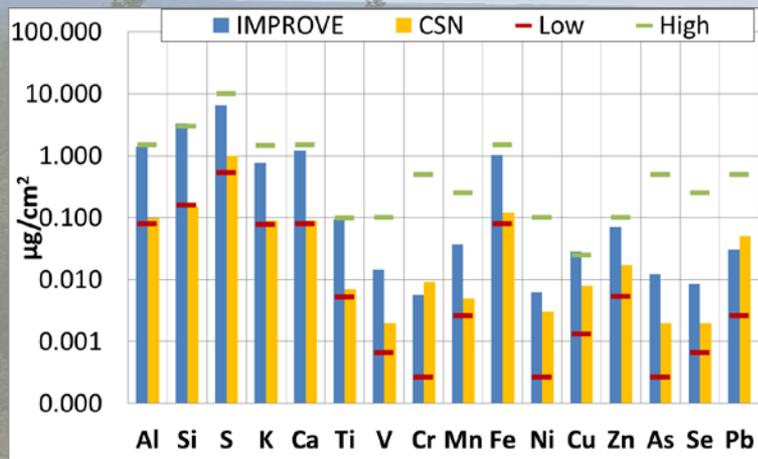
Multi-element Reference Materials (ME-RMs)

- Generated from certified multi-element solutions
- Reference loadings determined from ratios with K

$$[Element]_{RM} = [Element]_{solution} * \frac{[K]_{RM}}{[K]_{solution}}$$

- An inter-laboratory comparison study with 9 XRF+3 ICP-MS at 12 levels

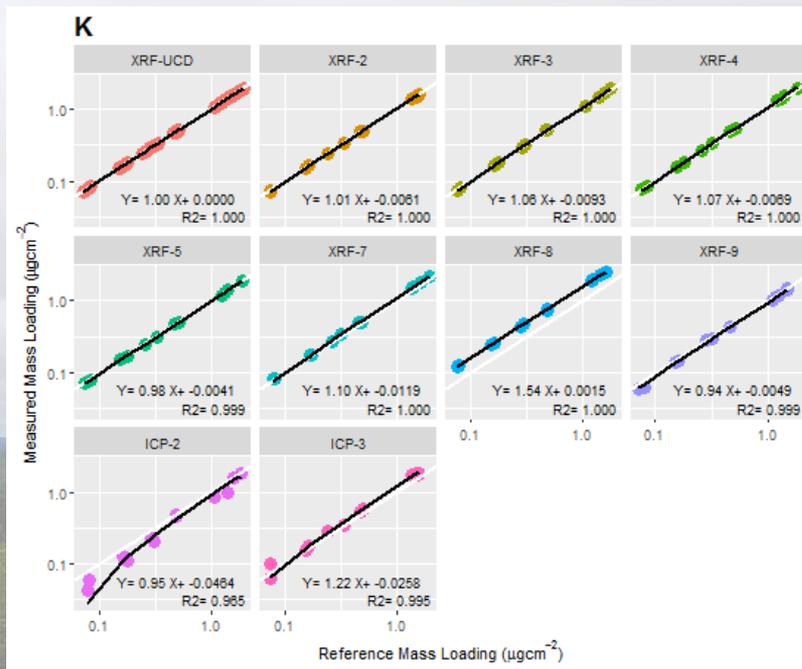
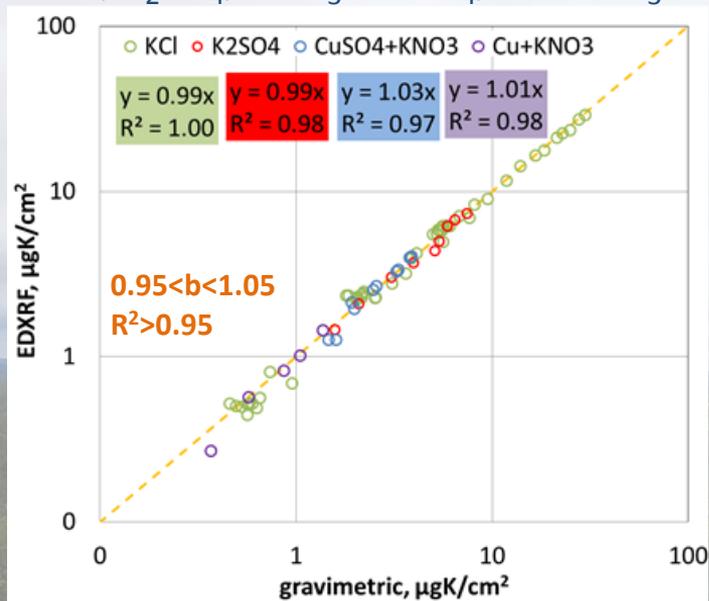
The range of ME-RMs
(**Low** and **High**)
compared to
IMPROVE and **CSN**
90%iles for selected
elements



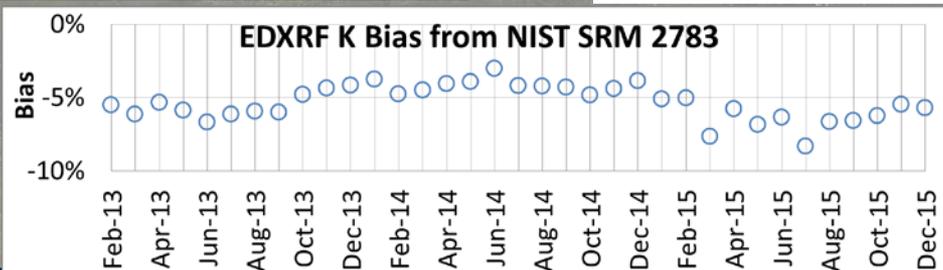
- **Low**: Mimicking IMPROVE range (median)
- **High**: Major elements the same as **Low**, trace elements $> 3 * \text{MDL}$ (UCD-EDXRF)

Well-Measured Element: Potassium

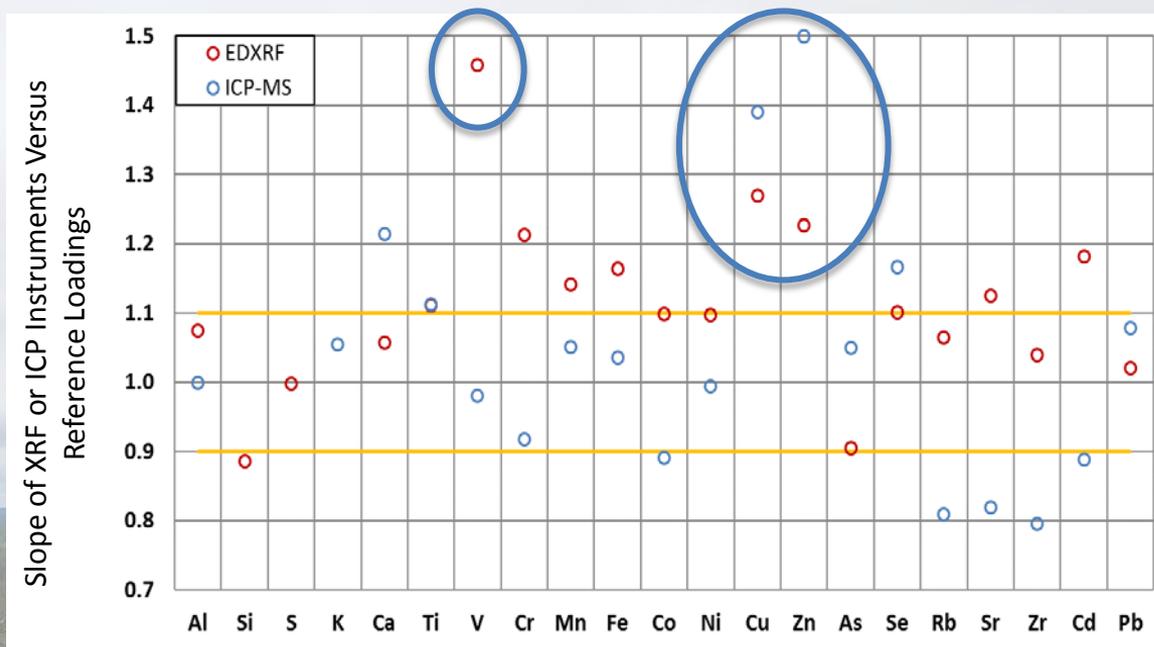
KCl, K₂SO₄, KNO₃+CuSO₄, Cu+KNO₃



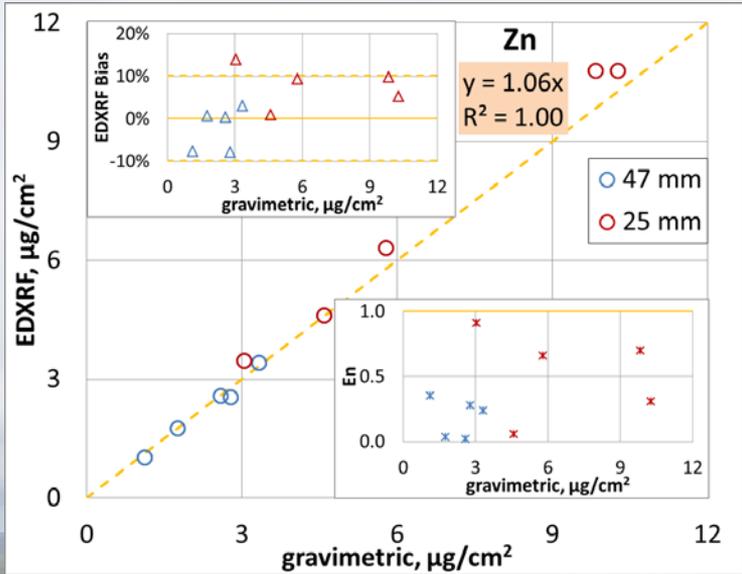
NIST SRM2783
(monthly, n=35)



ME-RM Inter-Laboratory Comparison Results



- Interlab results comparable with each other and with reference values for most elements
- Correlations for each lab were excellent ($R^2 > 0.95$) with very few exceptions
- ME-RMs helped identify some problems with the system and with existing calibration materials
- Provide quick check on instrument stability
 - At UCD since 2014, daily analysis on 4 analyzers
 - At Environment Canada since 2016, daily analysis on 2 analyzers
 - At IAEA and member labs since 2016



Zn

ZnO Nanoparticles

XRF-Bias: $\leq 10\%$

En: < 1

Cons: Hydroscopic

Cu

En number (ISO/IEC 17043, 2010)

$$En = \frac{|C_{XRF} - C_{Ref}|}{\sqrt{U_{C(XRF)}^2 + U_{C(Ref)}^2}}$$

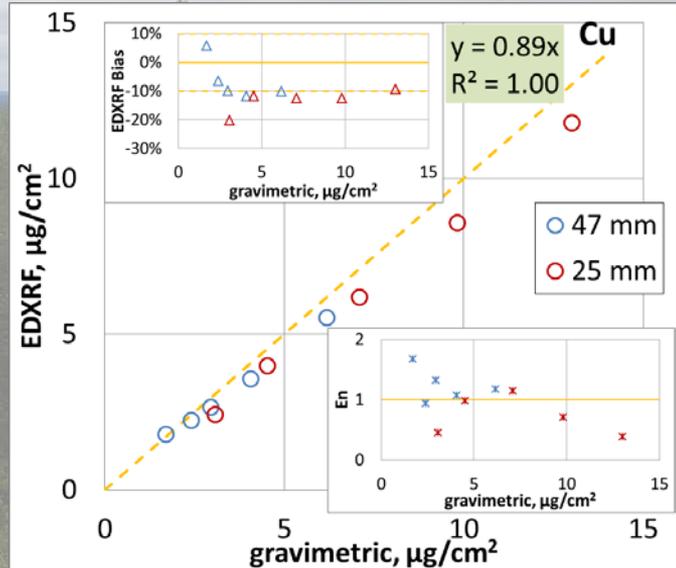
CuO Nanoparticles (>99%)

XRF-Bias : $\sim -10\%$

En: Variable

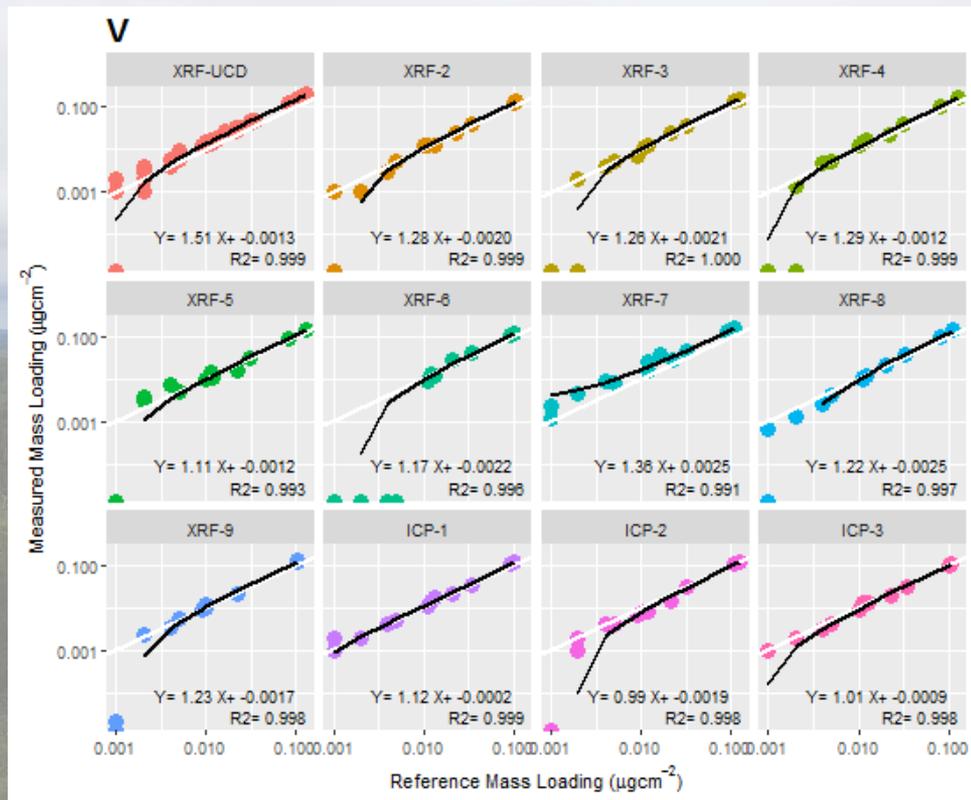
Cons: Hydroscopic

Impurity (Ca and Zn) higher than 1% in PM mass

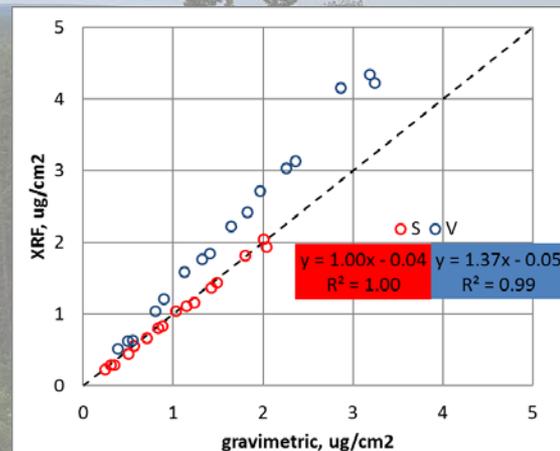


Vanadium Biased High

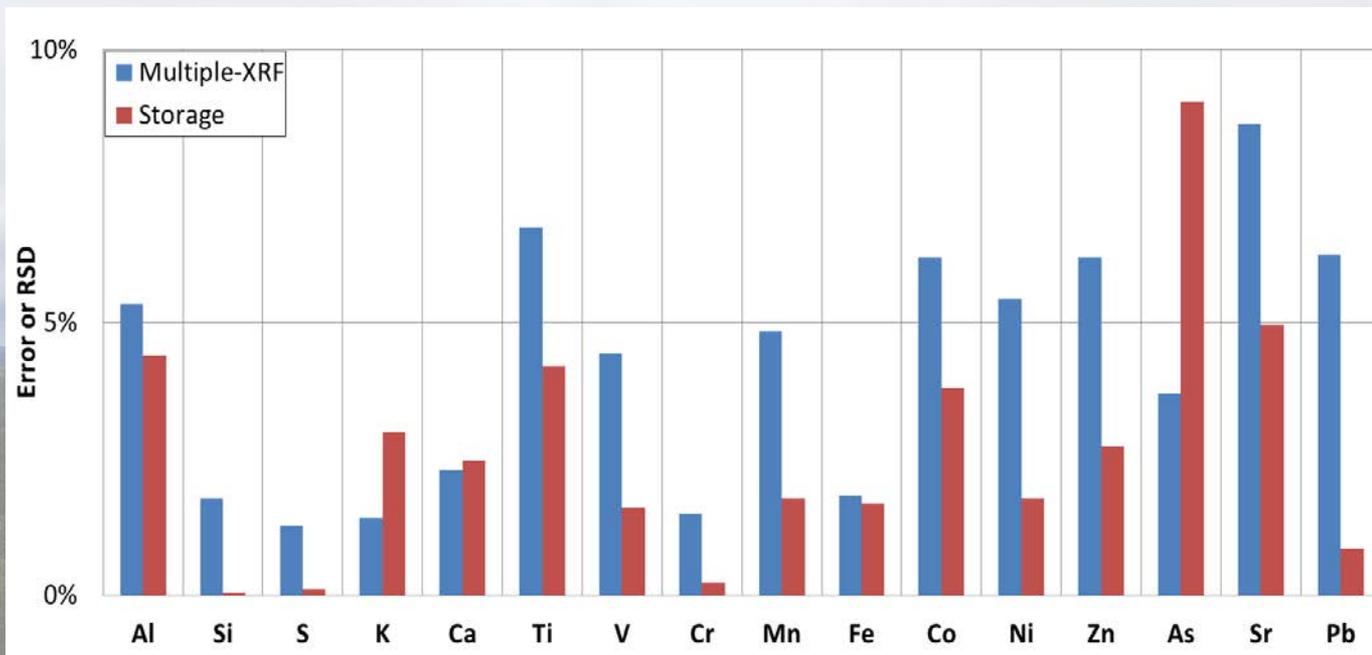
Multi-Element RM Analyzed by 9 XRF and 3 ICP-MS instruments



VOSO₄



Stability of ME-RMs



Multiple-XRF: EDXRF analysis of a ME-RM every week ($n \sim 200$), RSD $\leq 10\%$

Storage: A ME-RM stored for 2 years, error $\leq 10\%$

- Relative Standard Deviation (RSD) similar to EDXRF precision
- Multiple analyses by EDXRF do not alter the loadings for non-volatile elements

Single Compound Standards- In Progress

Compound	Element	Range of tested loadings, $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$	Extra method for verification
NH ₄ H ₂ PO ₄ + KNO ₃ in 2% HNO ₃	P	0.07-0.23	ME-RMs approach
CaO nanoparticles	Ca	1.5-20.1	
CaCO ₃ salt	Ca	3.0-10.0	
CaTiO ₃ nanoparticles	Ca	1.0-1.5	Interlab comparison (XRF)
CaZrO ₃ nanoparticles	Ca	1.0-5.5	Interlab comparison (XRF)
CaSO ₄	Ca	0.5-10	
CaZrO ₃ nanoparticles	Zr	2.3-13.0	Interlab comparison (XRF)
VC nanoparticles	V	3.0-40.0	
VOSO ₄	V	0.3-3.3	
CrN microparticles	Cr	2.5-10.5	
Cr ₂ O ₃ nanoparticles	Cr	3.0-16.0	Interlab comparison (XRF)
CuSO ₄	Cu	0.4-4.0	Interlab comparison (XRF, IC)
ZnSO ₄	Zn	0.6-4.0	Interlab comparison (XRF, IC)

CaSO₄

